BOW ISLAND REVIEW.

VOL. 5. NO 23 BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1914. SUBSCRIPTION $1.50 A YEAR

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We plan and supervise every detail connected with Contract Building and we guarantee all our Work!

There is no building we cannot undertake to finish with every satisfaction to the owner.

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PATRICK and WILLIAMS,
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GET MY TERMS ON
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BEST MAKES. BEST QUALITY.

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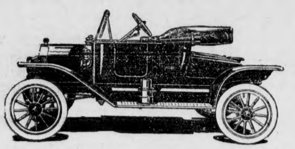
LOANS & INSURANCE.



Two hundred fiifty thousand Fords won't supply this year's demand. One hundred eighty-five thousand—and more—didn't last year. More than four hundred thousand now in world-wide service. Play it safe—and buy your Ford today.

Six hundred dollars is the price of the Ford runabout; the touring car is six fifty; the town car nine hundred—f.o.b. Ford, Ont., complete with equipment. Get catalogue and particulars from

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Agent for Bow Island and surrounding towns.

WHY?

Is Mother's Favorite Flour Father's Favorite also.

Because it is not only the cheapest but because it is also the Best.

TRY IT YOURSELF!

Taylor Milling & Elevator Company, Ltd.

Town Council

A meeting of the above held on Thursday, May 28th in the Town Hall Present—Mayor Luckhardt, Councillors Roberton, Cotton, Hurd, Reid and Willmot.

The following accounts were presented :—

Bow Island Mercantile Co.	$38.00
C. Raby, labor	13.75
Lethbridge Herald	28.80
Pioneer Lumber Co.	15.90
Prouse & Lyons	12.62
C. H. Bell	.50
E. O. Thompson	20.00

The bills were ordered paid if found correct.

A letter was received from Crane and Ordway relative to the sale of debentures, in which they offered to hand over to the town their debentures should the Council find a purchaser for the whole amount.

Letters were received from J. F. Hamilton and G. Hymers asking for the town's approval of plans of subdivisions quarter-section south-east 1-11-11, and south-east quarter 36-10-11.

The plans having been duly considered, the required approval was given.

A requisition for $1000 from the School Trustees was granted, and the secretary empowered to issue cheque for same.

E. A. Nevers interviewed the council with a view to obtaining a rebate on his license, stating that he had only been in business for about two months.

Mr. Nevers' plea was successful and he was granted a rebate of $5.00.

The question then arose of removing the Stacey Lumber Company's scales on Lethbridge avenue. This matter was discussed at a previous meeting, and it was then thought that in view of the gas main being laid on that side of the street, it would be better if they were placed elsewhere. It was now stated, however, that the gas main could be passed underneath the scales, and it was decided to leave the matter in the hands of the gas superintendent to report upon.

It was stated that complaints had been made by farmers to the effect that they had been charged for water at J. M. Bratton's livery stable, and after discussion the secretary was instructed to notify Mr. Bratton that he could not charge farmers for the water and be paid for it by the town at the same time.

Complaints were also registered against Mr. Bratton with regard to harboring a coyote, which was declared to be vicious, and also relative to the state of his livery stable.

The matter was left in the hands of the chief of police.

The solicitor was empowered to complete an agreement with Mr. Showalter for an easement across his land for the gas main, and to compromise for a sum not to exceed $100.00.

A by-law was then introduced appointing Mr. Silson gas superintendent and town engineer, and after being read a third time was finally passed.

The meeting then adjourned.

Football.

Grassy Lake Easily Win First League Game of Season.

The first game in the South-Eastern League series was played here on Wednesday, with Grassy Lake.

Both sides were fully represented and a fast game was anticipated, but with the exception of two or three spasmodic rushes by the local boys the game was Grassy's throughout, and had it not been for the wonderful display in goal of Crowthers, the score might easily have been half-a-dozen instead of 1-0.

For Bow Island, apart from Crowthers, Thompson was the only man who did himself justice; the halves, while by no means disgraced, were far too slow for their speedy opponents and the inability of their own forwards to make headway kept the ball constantly in their territory. Bow Islands's front line was out-classed and altogether disorganised by the clever work of the visitor's defence, the left wing being altogether ineffective and the right wing but little better.

For Grassy Lake, the work of Raisbeck and especially that of the centre half commanded the admiration of all and the team as a whole played a fast and clever game throughout, and thoroughly deserved their victory.

Destroyed by Fire

Bow Island Hotel Gutted. Occupants Have Narrow Escape

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. A. McElheny and family had a very narrow escape early on Monday morning, when the Bow Island Hotel was completely destroyed by fire.

How it originated has not been determined. The occupants were aroused about a quarter after three by dense clouds of smoke coming into their bedroom, and to save themselves from suffocation the whole family had to make a hasty exit clad only in their sleeping garments, finding shelter, however, in the house of one of their neighbors.

About ten minutes after the outbreak was first noticed, a large number of citizens were on the scene, drawn there by the sound of the alarm bell. The two chemical engines were brought into operation, but the flames had now secured too good a hold and nothing could be done to save the structure. Consequently, the efforts of the citizens were concentrated mainly on the adjoining house, occupied by Mr. and Mrs. R.E. A. Colp, situated about thirty five feet from the burning building.

Two tanks of water were brought up and the side of the house and roof were saturated. Copious and frequent applications were necessary, the heat from the flames being at one time almost unbearable, and only the heroic exertions of those who were on the building saved it from being destroyed.

The night fortunately was extremely calm, and therefore no blazing fragments were carried to any distance.

Fence posts, however, twenty-five feet away were set on fire by the heat and the east side of Mr. Colp's house was seen to be smoking furiously. This was only prevented from breaking into flame by one of the chemicals being brought into play, the hose being held in turn by A. Armstrong and J. Curzon, who were forced to shield themselves from the heat by crouching beneath a blanket, saturated with water.

The Bow Island Hotel was owned by H. E. Carlson, and was one of the first buildings erected in Bow Island. It was insured, we understand, for $1200.

The furniture, etc., was owned by Mr. Elheny and was insured for $500. This, however, does not fully cover his loss.

Dr. Nelson, dentist, was the only one fortunately that happened to be occupying a room at the hotel, and this was situated in the front part of the building. Most of his dental apparatus was saved at the beginning of the outbreak. His loss will probably amount to $70.00.

Clean and Sanitary--this is possible with hard, lustrous black enamel finish on

McClary's Gas Ranges

Built to burn natural gas

A rub with a soft cloth keeps smooth nickelled trimmings good as new. 40 styles. See the McClary dealer. 540

SOLD BY
THE BOW ISLAND MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Bow Island School District.

Regular meeting of the Bow Island School Board was held in the Town Hall on June 1st, 1914.

Members present—Roberton (chairman), Bruce, Bell, Bateman and Russell.

The following accounts were read :

R. H. Roberton, returning officer	5.00
Geo. Bruce, poll clerk	3.00
Bow Island Review, advertising By-law, 3 weeks	16.80
J. B. Trembley, water	3.50
R. H. Roberton, posting notices	2.50
White, cleaning	5.00
Peter Hart, scrubbing and oiling floors	3.00
Salaries (May)	233.00

These accounts were ordered paid when certified by the chairman.

A card with extracts from the act in regard to the use of tobacco by young folks, was submitted to the Board and permission asked to have same exhibited in the school rooms.

The matter was discussed and it was decided to allow copies of the act restraining the use of tobacco by young persons to be placed in the schools providing that the parties furnishing them post a copy wherever tobacco is sold in Bow Island.

The Plans and specifications for the proposed cottage school were laid before the Board and matters appertaining to same thoroughly discussed.

It was ultimately decided to accept the plans and specifications submitted by Messrs. Whiddington, of one room school for Bow Island School District as corrected and approved by the Board

The Secretary stated that all papers in connection with the proposed issue of debentures had been forwarded to the Department for approval. Owing to the urgent need of having this school building erected as soon as possible it was deemed advisable by the board to call for tenders on same in anticipation of the matter being approved by the Department.

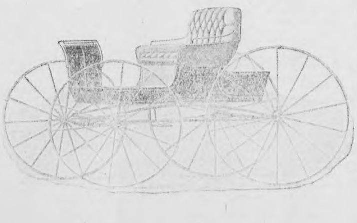
The matter of teachers for the new term was taken up and discussed at some length it was the opinion of

continued on page 4.

Phone your order to 8

for all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats, Fish and Poultry. Fresh Vegetables of all kinds.

Fuller & Smith - Main Street



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The finest and largest selection in town.

SPECIAL PRICES.

PLOUGHS

The best of their kind . . . .

Get my prices on Farm Wagons.

A. SWENNUMSON, BOW ISLAND

PRESIDENT SUSPENDER
NONE SO EASY

Women's Sixth Sense

A medical correspondent of the Times has had brought to his notice the remarkable case of a woman possessing an extraordinary sixth sense in regard to spiders. She could, the writer records, detect the presence of a spider in any room she happened to be living in without having seen the insect or without having any reason to suppose that it was there. The discovery was accompanied by violent sickness, malaise, and even debility, but all this passed away on the spider being caught and removed from the room. The doctor also relates how he put the matter to a test.

A member of the London Spiritualist Alliance in an interview said that this sixth sense was simply sensitiveness in one particular direction. He knew a lady some years ago who was extraordinary sensitive to the perfume of a hyacinth. She was asked out to a dinner party one evening, and the hostess, knowing her guest's horror of a hyacinth, placed the plants behind a screen in the fireplace. The guest entered the room without any idea that the hyacinths were there, but no sooner had she sat down to dinner than she fell into a faint.

A specialist in nerve diseases also related that precisely the same symptoms had been observed where the unseen presence of insects other than spiders had been the cause of horror and sickness. This sixth sense was produced by a process of cerebration due to a previous experience. Sometimes a person walking along the street thought of somebody and the next minute that somebody appeared.

A lady living near Montreal invariably fell ill, and often fainted upon entering a house or room where potted primula's were growing.—Montreal Star.

Not Guilty

"In Paris," remarks a New York lawyer, who has had the unpleasant experience of being knocked down by a taximeter and then brought to book for being in the way, "they run you down and make you pay for the privilege." Perhaps the old colored man who had a trying experience near Mobile, Ala., not long ago was sufficiently travelled to fear a similar outcome.

There has been a railway collision near that city, and a shrewd lawyer had hurried to the scene of disaster. He noticed the aforesaid old man with a badly injured head and hurried up to him where he lay moaning on the ground.

"How about damages?" began the lawyer.

The injured one waved him aside. "Go on, boss," he protested, "I never hit de train. I never done such a thing in all my life. Yo' can't git no damages outer me!"—Detroit Free Press.

"When I marry it will be for love only."

"Is that so?"

"Positively."

"And if some poor man proposes to you?"

"But he won't. I shall take good care not to fall in love with any man who isn't able to provide me with what luxuries I require."—Detroit Free Press.

Kicker—My great grandfather carried the drum all through the revolution.

Snicker—And whenever he sighted the enemy, he beat it, I suppose.

Overloaded

Wilkins—Your vacation has left you looking fagged.

Filkins—I'm still suffering from undigested scenery.—Life.

SCREAMED WITH PAIN OF SCALDED LEG

And Foot. In Bad State. Inflamed and Festered. Could Not Sleep. Completely Cured by Cuticura Ointment in Short Time.

Middle La Have, N. S.—"My sister scalded her leg and foot very badly with a pan of boiling water. She suffered very much and her leg was in a bad state. The skin was red and inflamed and it festered. She suffered dreadful pain. She scalded it in the evening and could not sleep that night and could not bear to have anything near it. "We tried ——— and ——— and then some ——— but everything seemed to make it worse and she just screamed for pain. I told my mother about Cuticura Ointment and we got a box immediately and bandaged up her foot and leg. Two applications made quite a difference and we kept on using it and in a short time her leg and foot were completely cured." (Signed) Miss L. Parks, May 17, 1913.

TO REMOVE DANDRUFF

Prevent dry, thin and falling hair, allay itching and irritation, and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, frequent shampoos with Cuticura Soap, assisted by occasional dressings with Cuticura Ointment, are usually effective when other methods fail. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. A single set is often sufficient. For a liberal free sample of each, with 32-p. book, send post-card to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept D, Boston, U. S. A.

Bishop in French Foreign Legion

For some years after the Franco-Prussian war, the French foreign legion—two deserters from which lately landed in England—declined to admit Germans.

When the restrictions were withdrawn, Prince Albert Frederick of Prussia enlisted under the name of Albrecht and remained a "legionnaire" until his death at Geryville in 1897.

The legion has also had in its ranks a former colonel of engineers in the Austrian army. General Castagnary relates in his Memoirs that during the Mexican war the services of a priest were urgently needed. None other being available, a private in the foreign legion volunteered to perform the priestly office, adding, in confidential tones, "You see, general, before enlisting I was a bishop."

There have been many desertions from the foreign legion. A few years ago, two young Jerseymen who had been refused for the British army, joined the foreign legion and were sent to Algiers. Service in that out-of-way place did not, however, suit them and they soon made a bid for freedom. They were recaptured and punished. On a second attempt, one got away in a boat and was picked up by a passing ship, but his comrade was recaptured, and so closely guarded was he afterwards that he had no possible chance to escape and had to complete his term of service.

This man, however, was an excellent musician and during the last years of his soldiering for the French was organist of the Garrison church, and taught the violin to the colonel's children.

All Important

A certain young mother had one pronounced weakness, and that was for millinery. Hats on shelves, hats in boxes, hats everywhere—and weighty affairs had been known to hang in the balance while a decision was being made from among the distracting collection.

One morning she was dressing for the street, and her four-year-old son was idly watching her and at the same time seeking to slake his thirst for general information.

"Mamma," he said. "did George Washington go to heaven?"

"Of course, my dear."

"Mamma, will you go to heaven when you die?"

"I hope so, dear."

A moment given over to silence, then another question fell:

"Then, mamma, when you go to heaven, will you meet George Washington?"

"Yes, dear, I suppose so." Her tone was a trifle abstracted.

"Then, mamma"—and the voice was hushed with the import of the question—"what hat'll you wear?"—New York Times.

Cold Scorn

Two New York men were touring Ireland last summer by automobile. On a hot July afternoon they came to an inn. Stopping, they went into the bar. A red cheeked peasant girl was the barmaid. The travellers ordered Irish and soda. The girl served them and then went on with her interrupted work of wiping the bar. One of the men tasted his drink and found it tepid.

"I say, my girl," he said, "won't you please put some ice in these drinks?"

Her mouth went wide open, and the mopping cloth was poised in midair. Amaze held her silent for a moment. Then she found tongue in a hurry.

"Ice, is it? And who the — ever heard of ice in July?"

Whereupon she fell to polishing again.—New York Times.

The Fastest Afloat

The commander of the sixty-knot ocean greyhound had ended his career and had crossed the Styx with old Captain Charon. The commander proudly introduced himself to a venerable shade who was sitting on the bank of the river.

"I was the skipper of the fastest vessel afloat," said the commander. "My name is Smith."

"So was I," replied the venerable shade. "My name is Noah."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Willie Wants to Know

"Pa, how can guns kick when they have no legs?"

"Don't ask absurd questions."

"Guns haven't any legs, have they, pa?"

"Certainly not."

"Well, then, what's the use of their having breeches?"—Boston Transcript.

False Alarm

Belle (slyly)—I noticed a perceptible coldness between George and Maria this evening as they sat at a table in the tea room.

Nell (hopefully)—Was it a quarrel?

Belle—Oh, no. It was a pink ice cream.—Baltimore American.

"I'm not eating very much of late."

"What's the matter, old man? Lost your appetite?"

"No, my credit."

"That eminent statesman makes very brief speeches"

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "He doesn't have to say much. He always manages to let you know what he wants you to do before he begins to talk."—Washington Star.

Minister (calling on inmate of prison)—Remember, Mr. Kenney, that stone walls do not a prison make, nor iron bars a cage.

Kenney—Well, they've got me hypnotised, then; that's all."—Dallas News.

Teacher—What is meant by the seat of trouble?

Johnny—I know. After a spanking.—Judge.

The Irate Collector—Look here, I bought this candlestick as antique—in fact, you guaranteed it to be Georgian; and here's the beastly date on it, nineteen twelve!

The Curio Dealer—Exactly, sir; nineteen twelve; decidedly Georgian.—Sketch.

New Atlantic Liners

This season will see the Atlantic service of the Canadian Pacific augmented by the addition of two new steamers. These two vessels will be of the one class cabin type, which are becoming so popular. Barclay Curle & Company, of Glasgow, secured the contract for the building of the ships some months ago, and the construction is well under way. They are being specially constructed for the Atlantic service and will contain every possible convenience for the comfort of passengers. They will be of the "one class" type, with passenger accommodation for 520 second, and 1,200 third class. These new vessels have been named the "Missanbi" and the "Metagama." Their length will be of 520 feet, greatest breadth 64 feet, while the breadth of the passenger deck will be 41 feet. Each vessel will have a dead weight capacity of 7,950 tons, with an approximate cargo capacity for 6,000 tons. The famous cruiser stern, which is the feature of the new Empress recently placed on the Pacific coast, is being introduced and the new ships will also have six complete steel decks. In order to ensure safety the hulls are to be subdivided by water-tight doors and bulkheads, so as to be capable of floating when three compartments are open. These water-tight bulkheads and doors will be automatically controlled from the bridge. The speed of each vessel will be 15 knots, with a draught of 27.5. As for the interior of the vessels, each second-class state room will be fitted with a wardrobe and chest of drawers, folding lavatory with mirror, and other conveniences. The public rooms will be dining saloon, smoking room, lounge and drawing room. The refrigerating plant will be capable of making 300 pounds of ice per eight hours. The vessels will be heated and ventilated on the thermometer system, changing the air eight times each hour. There will also be a printing plant on board each vessel.

The Stone of Infamy

In many Italian cities there formerly existed what was called "pietra d'infamia," or a stone of infamy for the punishment of bankrupts. In Venice one stands near the church of St. Mark, and in Vienna and Florence they are near the old markets. In a day in carnival week the old time custom was to have all traders who had become bankrupt in the preceding twelve months led to the stone, and one by one each stood on its centre to hear the reading of a report of his business failure and to endure the reproaches heaped on him by his creditors. At the end of a certain time each bankrupt was partly undressed, and three officers took hold of his shoulders and three others of his knees and, raising him as high as they could, bumped him on the stone deliberately twelve times "in honor of the twelve apostles," the creditors crowing like cocks while the bumping proceeded.

The Experimental Farms Report

The information contained in the annual reports of the experimental farms of the Dominion department of agriculture is so varied and complete as to render these yearly volumes almost worthy the name of "Encyclopedia of Agriculture." The experimental farms system embraces the Central farm and twenty branch farms and stations, each manned by a staff of specialists. At these widespread, well-equipped institutions practically every phase of agriculture, from the study and suppression of plant diseases to the breeding and raising of all manner of orchard, garden and field crops and classes of farm animals, are taken up. In addition, seven outlying sub-stations carry on and report upon work of an agricultural nature.

The report for the year ending March 31, 1913, makes a volume of nearly 700 pages, crammed with the meat of what was accomplished and found out during the year. The information is so classified and treated as to be readily available to the reader in whatever subject he may chance to be interested. A large edition has been printed, so as to supply for some time at least every applicant who will drop a card for a copy to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

A teacher in a Liverpool school was trying to find from a tiny child the name of his father. He seemed quite unable to think of it, so to help him she said:

"What do you call him?"

"I call him father," was the reply.

"Well, what does your mother call him?"

The response was eloquent of the manners of the neighborhood: "She's doesn't call him anything—she likes him."—Liverpool Poet.

CAUSE AND EFFECT

Good Digestion Follows Right Food

Indigestion and the attendant discomforts of mind and body are certain to follow continued use of improper food.

Those who are still young and robust are likely to overlook the fact that, as dropping water will wear a stone away at last, so will the use of heavy, greasy rich food, finally cause loss of appetite and indigestion.

Fortunately many are thoughtful enough to study themselves and note the principle of cause and effect in their daily food. A young woman writes her experience thus:

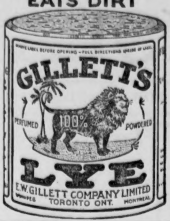
"Sometime ago I had a lot of trouble from indigestion, caused by too rich food. I got so I was unable to digest scarcely anything, and medicines seemed useless.

"A friend advised me to try Grape-Nuts food, praising it highly and as a last resort, I tried it. I am thankful to say that Grape-Nuts not only relieved me of my trouble, but built me up and strengthened my digestive organs so that I can now eat anything I desire. But I stick to Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human inteerst.

GILLETT'S LYE
EATS DIRT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Ideals of Human Liberty

Those who would not merely close but slam the door of opportunity in the face of the alien who comes to this country need to be reminded that their own forebears, in their time, were immigrants.

The foreign element in the United States, arriving year by year from the old world to be peacefully assimilated into the body politic of our country, has contributed incalculably to the material and the spiritual phases of its well being. There are never lacking those who seek to take advantage of the helpless ignorance of the new arrival.

It is important that the newcomer should be saved from himself, and from those that prey upon defenselessness. The societies that undertake this work deserve the upholding hand of every friend of his fellowmen and staunch ally of a government founded upon the highest ideals of human liberty and happiness.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Hank—How did ye get th' black eye—chopping wood?

Tom (just married)—No. refusin'!—Chicago News.

WAKEFUL BABIES

If your baby does not sleep, if he is cross, cries a great deal and will not be comforted, that is the time to give him Baby's Own Tablets. They promote sleep—not the drugged unnatural kind obtained through the use of "soothing" mixtures, but that refreshing natural sleep of the healthy child. The Tablets banish all stomach and bowel complaints—the direct cause of crossness and sleeplessness. Concerning them Mrs. E. Medras, Grand Bois, Que., says: "When I began using Baby's Own Tablets baby was so troubled with constipation he would not sleep day or night. Now all this trouble has vanished and he is a strong healthy child." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Our contributor's small friend, little Rollo, aged five, had always observed that fish was the big dish at his home on Friday. And he had observed that the rule held in the neighboring households.

Recently, little Rollo was sent out to visit his grandma in the country. And after a day or two he missed something.

"Grandma," said he, "ain't it ever Friday in the country?"

"What a question," she laughed. "Of course it is. Today is Friday, dear."

"Well," said Rollo. "It don't smell like Friday."

A movement has sprung up among the lumberjacks on the coast and islands of the Gulf of Georgia, B.C., to become permanent settlers instead of roving laborers without homes. The government is assisting the movement by all means.

Silhouette and Painting

The art of painting begins inevitably with drawing—with expression by means of the point; the result—line. This every teacher and academy realizes and has to realize. More, every great school of painting has evolved from it. But this use of the point or drawing soon reaches its limitations, and the brush demands mass, or perhaps it is more correct to say that mass demands the brush. The floating of masses on to canvass or paper, with its edges holding the outline of the form, is silhouette. Silhouette, in other words, is the basis of all mass impressions. Without a sense of silhouette we can utter no large and sublime moods. Yet, strange to say, the small part given to silhouette in the teaching of the art of painting in academies—indeed, more often the utter lack of it—has always struck me as extraordinary.—Haldane Macfall in T. P.'s Weekly, London.

For four consecutive nights the hotel proprietor watched his fair, timid guest fill her pitcher at the water tap.

"Madam," he said, on the fifth night, "if you would ring, this would be done for you."

"But where is my bell?" asked the lady.

"The bell is beside your bed," replied the proprietor.

"That the bell!" she exclaimed. "Why the boy told me that was the fire alarm and that I wasn't to touch it on any account."

"Why is there such a hot fight over the appointment of a postmaster in this little town?" asked the stranger. "The office doesn't pay anything much does it?"

"That ain't it, mister," replied the native. "You see most of us are particular as to who reads our post cards."

"Willie, come right into the house. I don't want you to play with that little boy any more."

"All right, mother, I've just won his last marble anyhow."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Funerals in Peru

According to social usage, women in Peru cannot attend funerals, and they do not appear at weddings unless they are very intimate friends. When a funeral procession passes through the streets the coffin is caried upon the shoulders of the pallbearers, who are followed by an empty hearse drawn by two, four or six horses, according to the means of the mourners and their desire for display. All the male members of the family and friends of the deceased follow on foot with a line of empty carriages behind them. As long as they are in the presence of the dead it is considered a proper and necesasry evidence of respect to walk. After the body has been committed to the grave those who attend the funeral are brought home in the carriages.

Miller's Worm Powders destroy worms without any inconvenience to the child, and so effectually that they pass from the body unperceived. They are not ejected in their entirety, but are ground up and pass away through the bowels with the excreta. They thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels and leave them in a condition not favorable to worms, and there will be no revival of the pests.

"What can that young fellow find to talk about for three hours every night?"

"Oh, he has plenty to talk about. He has to tell Mabel he loves her, and go over it four or five thousand times."—Kansas City Journal.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Ancient "Granary of the Empire"

It is difficult to imagine, but true, that as regards wheat, Britain in early days was the Canada of the Roman Empire. The Romans invested money in British land, sent their agents over to look after it, and there were fields of corn on the northern slopes of the Thames, across the Strand and Holborn, to Islington, the grain of which was transported to the imperial city. London now occupies those ancient wheat farms.

Minard's Liniment, Lumberman's Friend.

Kept Them All on Edge

One of the favorite devices of Lord Nelson when ships were cruising in company was to signal to a given craft that Lieut. Smith or Staff Engineer Brown or Captain of Marines Jones was to take charge, on the assumption that all his superior officers on board had been put out of action. The author of "Trafalgar Refought," says the result was very good, for every one therefore made a point of trying to make himself fit to carry out the duty should it ever be assigned to him.

$100 REWARD, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Pat, when was you first married?" Mike asked.

"At nineteen years it was," Pat replied, "and, begorra, I'd never marry again so young if I should live to be the age of Methuselah."—Boston Transcript.

A celebrated vocalist was in a motor car accident one day. A paper, after recording the accident, said:

"We are happy to state that he was able to appear the following evening in three pieces."—Tit-Bits.

The professor of natural philosophy in Trinity college gave the class a problem to think over during the night and answer the next day. The question was this: "If a hole were bored through the centre of the earth from side to side and a ball dropped into it, would it come to a state of rest?"

Next morning a student was called up on this philosophical problem.

"What answer do you give this question?" asked the professor.

"Well, really," said he, "I have not thought of the main question, but of a preliminary one. How are you going to get that hole through?"

The gain which is made at the expense of character should be set down as loss.—Publius Syrus

Don't Overwork the Heart

"To keep your temper is rather a good thing," says Dr. Strickland Goodall of London. "Every time the heart contracts its force would raise a weight of two pounds to the height of one foot, and it does this from 70 to 140 times eovry minute.

"Running to catch a train increases the heart's work by 228 foot pounds a minute. Ascending a staircase slowly increases the heart's work by 112 foot pounds and ascending quickly by 152 foot pounds.

"A man who is really angry increases the work of his heart by 72 foot pounds. A rest of half an hour daily would save in a year 219,000 foot pounds of work on the heart."

Drives Asthma Like Magic.—The immediate help from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems like magic. Nevertheless it is only a natural remedy used in a natural way. The smoke or vapor, reaching the most remote passage of the affected tubes, brushes aside the trouble and opens a way for fresh air to enter. It is sold by dealers throughout the land.

Some birds, like all children, like to play, and Australia and New Guinea produce the "bower bird," which builds regular playhouses. These houses are not a part of their nests, but are constructed usually in the shape of covered archways of little boughs two or three feet long, eighteen inches high and about as wide. They use these houses simply for their games, as if they were clubhouses. Generally these playhouses are decorated with bright colored shells and feathers.

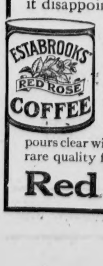
To Think About

"She seems like a very nice girl."

"One whom it would be safe to marry?"

"Oh, no. No girl is safe enough for that. But she's nice enough to think about marrying if you only know when to stop."—Life.

The Salvation Army is engaged in the silk industry at various centres in India and Ceylon, aided by the Indian government, which has loaned several experts as advisers. The work is under the general supervision of Commissioner I. Booth Tucker.



A Credit to the Name

If you already know Red Rose Tea you will expect much of Red Rose Coffee because of its name alone. Nor will it disappoint you; for it is worthy of its name.

Blended to combine strength and rich flavor, this fine coffee is crushed new-roasted into small grains, and freed from chaff and dust. These uniform grains readily give the true coffee flavor to a "brew" which pours clear without any sediment. You may expect rare quality from every tin of

Red Rose Coffee

OMEGA

When traveling, your watch is second only in importance to your ticket. So many instances arise when one *has* to be on time. No connections missed when you carry an Omega Watch.

For Sale by all Jewelers

CUNARD LINE

CANADIAN SERVICE
MONTREAL—PLYMOUTH—LONDON
Magnificent New Twin-Screw Steamers
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One-Class (II.) Cabin and Third Class passengers only are carried. The One-Class Cabin accommodation includes:

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Services also between New York, Mediterranean, Adriatic, Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool. New York, Fishguard, Liverpool.
The Fastest Passenger and Mail Service in the World.

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For information apply to any Railway or Steamship Agent, or
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A Real Lever Simulation
GOLD WATCH FREE.

A straightforward generous offer from an established firm. We are giving away Watches to thousands of people all over the world as a huge advertisement. Now is your chance to obtain one. Write now, enclosing 25 cents for one of our fashionable Ladies' Long Guards, or Gents' Alberts, sent carriage paid to wear with the watch, which will be given Free (these watches are guaranteed five years), should you take advantage of our marvellous offer. We expect you to tell your friends about us and show them the beautiful watch. Don't think this offer too good to be true, but send 25 cents to-day and gain a Free Watch. You will be amazed.—WILLIAMS & LLOYD, Wholesale Jewellers (Dept. 148), 89, Cornwallis Road, London, N., England.

Naturally

Church—I see Chicagoans are agitating for a new city charter.

Gotham—Sure thing. You see the women are voting there now, and they think the charter should have a few frills and flounces on it.—Yonkers Statesman.

Loyalty

Reilly—Pat was drowned yesterday.

Fitzpatrick—Couldn't he swim?

Reilly—Yes, but he was a union man. He swam for eight hours and then quit.—Current Opinion.

"The marquise is very thin, isn't she? What would you think our ages were?"

"Well, she seems ten years older than she is, and she's ten years older than you. Then you seem years younger than you are, so that makes thirty years' difference between you."—Pele Mele.

ONLY SIXTEEN, GIRL VERY SICK

Tells How She Was Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

New Orleans, La.—"I take pleasure in writing these lines to express my gratitude to you. I am only 16 years old and work in a tobacco factory. I have been a very sick girl but I have improved wonderfully since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now looking fine and feeling a thousand times better."—Miss AMELIA JAQUILLARD, 3061 Tchoupitoulas St., New Orleans, La.

St. Clair, Pa.—"My mother was alarmed because I was troubled with suppression and had pains in my back and side, and severe headaches. I had pimples on my face, my complexion was sallow, my sleep was disturbed, I had nervous spells, was very tired and had no ambition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has worked like a charm in my case and has regulated me. I worked in a mill among hundreds of girls and have recommended your medicine to many of them."—Miss ESTELLA MAGUIRE, 110 Thwing St., St. Clair, Pa.

There is nothing that teaches more than experience. Therefore, such letters from girls who have suffered and were restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be a lesson to others. The same remedy is within reach of all.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

EDUCATION GROSSLY STUPID

English Educational System Strongly Criticized by Criminologist

Dr. Albert Wilson, the eminent criminologist, lectured at the International Club for Psychical Research recently, and there was some curiosity as to two exhibits on the table until the lecturer explained that one was a half of a human brain preserved in formalin; the other an ape's.

Dr. Wilson's subject was "The Physical Basis of Psychic Manifestations." He apologized for the length of the title.

He referred to forcible feeding, and said that, by the simple plan of introducing food into the hollow of the cheek, the "greatest refinement of torture" could be avoided. Some applause greeted this announcement.

In introducing a series of microphotographs of brain sections, shown to the audience by limelight, Dr. Wilson remarked that unfortunately we had in this country been in such a state of barbarism for the last forty years that instead of turning out useful people from our schools we produced people with starved brains or brains crammed with useless information and fit only for blind-alley employment.

"The way we have educated children," he said, "is so grossly stupid that there are no words in the English language bad enough to describe it. Young children with bright, cheerful faces, can be seen in London alleys who later grow tired-looking, and then quite exhausted. They have no thinking brains; but they might have been useful citizens. Starvation or education by the school board brought about this state of things.

"Lovely cells!" "nice," or "good-looking brains!" were some of the expressions used by the lecturer to describe his illustrations of the brain of a child of five years.

The audience laughed; but were thoroughly appreciative when the significance of the photographs was explained by comparison with others of healthy and unhealthy adult brains.

"It is no wonder we want to hang this sort of man," remarked Dr. Wilson, as a murderer's brain section was exposed to view, "but it is obvious that he should be treated as an undeveloped child and kept in a lunatic asylum."

Value of Military Training

Sir Thomas Oliver, professor in the Durham College of Medicine, comes out strongly in favor of compulsory training for all young men. The value of athleticism, he believes, is over-rated in a large number of instances. It may render the frame more resistant to disease, and training keeps the young out of dissipation until character has solidified. But physicial development carries with it no immunity from disease.

The over-development of the heart resulting from rowing, running, or football, while good enough for a lad of 22 taking lots of exercise, is not best for a sedentary business man of 30. He has more heart than he requires and his circulation is rather embarrassed than lightened.

Compulsory military training, however, has advantages for the nation as a whole and for the young men who undergo it. In it there is coordinate physical and mental training. The habits of discipline, sense of duty, devotion to the idea of country which it inoculates, do far more for young manhood than giving away to the unbridled spirit of sport with its excesses of one sided development. Moderation is, naturally, the special characteristic of military discipline. There is no strain on a single set of muscles. The body is developed healthfully as a whole, and the mind is kept occupied in close relation with the physical processes.—New York Sun.

Woman's Headgear

The letter from the representatives of four important business houses on the Plumage bill reveals the difficulty involved in drafting any legislative measure. It is pointed out that, even if the Plumage bill be- [illegible] woman may continue to wear prohibited feathers so long as they were purchased before the date of the act. In other words, the usefulness of a humane measure is largely destroyed. Even in these burbeaucratic days it would be impossible to make an inquisition into the origin of the feathers in ladies' hats or in their hair. Thus the law can be evaded and a temptation given sufficiently large to encourage illegality on the grand scale. Who shall adjudicate on the possible life time of a dressed feather or convict a callous damsel of misdemeanor when she swears that a feather triumphantly displayed in 2015 is a gift from the great-grandmother who purchased it in 1925 from stock imported in 1914? A bad loophole in the bill is thus revealed. How to stop it without inflicting obvious injustice on reputable firms may well tax the ingenuity of legislators.—London Daily Express.

Fate of Three Conquerors

Alexander, after looking down from the dizzy heights of his ambition upon a conquered world and weeping there were no more to conquer, died of intoxication in a scene of debauch, or, as some suppose, by poison mingled in his wine.

Hannibal, whose name carried terror to the heart of Rome itself, after having crossed the Alps and put to flight the armies of the mistress of the world, was driven from his country and died at last of poison administered by his own hands in a foreign land, unlamented and unwept.

Caesar, the conqueror of 800 cities and his temples bound with chaplets dipped in the blood of a million of his foes, was miserably assassinated by those he considered his nearest friends.

The Lightning Change

Husband—We're certainly in luck with our new cook. Soup, fish, roast vegetables—everything done to perfection.

Wife—Yes, but the dessert is by her successor.—Philadelphia Ledger.

What Makes the Corn Pop?

Everyone knows and likes that humble but cheerful dainty, popcorn. But how many can tell what makes the corn pop? A writer in Harper's Weekly explains:

A kernel of popcorn is filled with tightly packed starch grains. The interior of the kernel is divided into a large number of cells, each of which may be likened to a tiny box, the walls of which are strong enough to withstand considerable pressure from within. Upon the application of heat the moisture contained in each little box is converted into steam, and finally escapes by explosion. The grain of corn then literally "turns inside out," and is transformed into a relatively large mass of snow-white starch.

POSTMISTRESS IS QUITE WELL AGAIN

FOUND COMPLETE CURE IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Mrs. Gray, Who Was Nervous and Run Down for Two Years, Tells How She Found New Health.

Tichborne, Frontenac Co., Ont.—(Special).—Mrs. H. Gray, the popular postmistress here, is telling her friends of the great benefit she has received from taking Dodd's Kidney Pills

"For about two years," Mrs. Gray says, "I was all run down. My sleep was broken and unfreshing, and I suffered from shortness of breath and heart flutterings. I finally decided that the Kidneys were the cause of my trouble and decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I took four boxes in all, and I feel quite strong and like myself again. I certainly think Dodd's Kidney Pills are a good medicine."

The experience of the postmistress is similar to that of thousands of other Canadian women. They were weak, run down, nervous and in bad health generally. They took Dodd's Kidney Pills and are strong and well again.

The reason is that when the Kidneys get out of order they fail to strain the impurities out of the blood and general lassitude and weakness ensues. The natural cure is to cure the Kidneys. The experience of thousands of others tells you that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the Kidneys.

The Outlook

Augustus and Angelina were climbing the highest peak in the Alps and she stood above him some twenty feet.

"What," he gasped—"what do you see?"

"Far, far below," she cried, "I see a long white streak, stretching like a paper ribbon back almost to our hotel."

"Ha, ha!" he ejaculated. "It's that hotel bill overtaking us."—Tit-Bits.

A Standard Medicine.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

A man went to a judge and asked whether he could bring suit for slander against a man who had called him a rhinoceros.

"Why, certainly," said the judge. "When did he call you that?"

"About three years ago."

"Three years ago! And you only start suit today?"

"But, you honor, yesterday I saw a rhinoceros for the first time."—Berliner Illustrite Zeitung.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Made the Hot Air Work

Until the aid of science was invoked the work of unloading cars loaded with coal in winter in Philadelphia proved to be a very heavy task, for it often happened that whole trainloads arrived with the coal frozen into a solid mass. Science built a concrete and nearly airtight house at Greenwich Point, into which twenty-one loaded coal cars may be backed at one time, like so many pies in an oven. Here in a temperature of 150 or more degrees the solid contents of a car are thawed loose from the sides. In forty minutes or so the cooking process being completed, the cars are taken from the oven and hoisted over the slip, when the coal runs out easily. That hot air can do to twenty-one cars in forty minutes what it took 100 men a day to accomplish.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

She—Think how it disgraces me before the neighbors to have you come home as you did last night, drunk.

He—But, my dear, no one saw me.

She—Suppose they didn't, they must have heard me scolding you.—Boston Transcript.

She turned on him with withering scorn.

"I shudder to think," said he, "what she would have said to me if her scorn had been strong and fresh."—Detroit Free Press.

"Did they cut out anything when you went to the hospital?"

"Yes, I think they cut out about everything they could get hold of except the bill."—Baltimore American.

In the Days of Old

"How these laundries do mangle your shirts of mail!" said Sir Lancelot.

"Yes, mine always come back shy several rivets," assented Sir Gink.—Pittsburgh Post.

Terrible Scalding Accident

ZAM-BUK GAVE QUICK RELIEF

For taking the pain out of a burn or scald there is nothing equal to Zam-Buk. Mrs. Eugene Demers, of Pembroke, Ont., who was the victim of a painful scalding accident, proved this. She says: "I was carrying a boiler of steaming water from the stove to the wash-tub, when suddenly my strength failed. As the boiler was falling in spite of my efforts, I heard my babies cry, and to avoid scalding them I gave the vessel a quick turn. The effect of this was that every drop of the boiling water poured over my feet and limbs, scalding me from my waist down.

"As soon as I saw the children had escaped, I told my oldest boy to bring the Zam-Buk (which we always keep in the house). I applied Zam-Buk freely, and the pain was soon eased. I continued using Zam-Buk and in a wonderfully short time the sores were completely healed."

Zam-Buk is equally good for cuts, bruises, eczema, ulcers, piles, pimples, etc. Price 50c per box, at all druggists and stores, or post free from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, on receipt of price. Refuse substitutes and imitations. There is nothing "just as good!"

An American girl was bringing a Liverpool girl home with her, and toward the end of the voyage remarked:

"It is delightful to feel that one is so near home. We ought to sight Sandy Hook this afternoon."

"Shall we?" exclaimed her friend. "That will be nice. Don't tell me which he is. I can always pick a Scotchman out of a crowd."

Many mothers have reason to bless Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because it has relieved the little ones of suffering and made them healthy.

The Incentive

"I'd like to kiss that girl."

"Well, why don't you?"

"She won't let me. That's mainly why I want to."—St. Louis Republic.

Sir Henry Lucy tells how, after the home rule bill rupture, Sir William Harcourt and Sir Henry James still retained unbroken an intimate friendship.

One day, in conversation, Lord Morris remarked on the charm of this incident in the storm and stress of party warfare.

"Yes," said Harcourt, softly, with a wistful faraway look in his eye, "we are, as you may say, brothers."

"So were Cain and Abel," said Lord Morris.

Provided For

"Do you find that the cost of living keeps on increasing?"

"No. I have at last succeeded in getting it so arranged that both of my sons-in-law can live at the expense of our stockholders."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Too Quick

While reporting a term of court in an outlying county a village merchant was prosecuted for "arson." It developed that the business men of the town had retained a "special prosecutor" to assist in the case. The attorney for the defendant invariably asked each witness if he had ever contributed anything toward the support of the "special prosecutor." One old man was very zealous in his efforts to convict the defendant. The attorney started to ask him the regular "contribution" question, but the witness interrupted him and gave his answer in the middle of the question, with the following result:

"Have you ever contributed anything toward the support—"

"No, sir: I never did—not a cent."

"—of your family?"

The witness was excused amid the laughter of the court, jury and audience. He left the room mad as a hornet and was heard to mutter. "I ain't got no family."—West Publishing Company.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

They were speaking of force of habit and Henry C. Hall was reminded of a pretty telephone girl named Miss Marie.

One night Miss Marie went to church, and, being somewhat tired, she fell asleep during the rather protracted sermon. Finally the sermon was concluded, and after the usual prayer, the minister picked up the hymnal.

"Brethren and sisters," he announced, glancing at the choir and then at the congregation, "we shall sing hymn three-forty-three. Hymn three-forty-three."

"The line is busy," cried Miss Marie, suddenly waking up, and hearing the dominie's last words. "Please call again."

Shiloh 25¢
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

Dividing the Effects

"Well, wife, we are divorced."

"Yes."

"Let us divide our valuables equally."

"Would you rather have the grand piano or this porterhouse steak?"—Kansas City Journal.

Dad (who has brought his son to the links for the first time)—"Is it a good lie, Harold?"

Harold (unconsciously ranking him with the great)—"aFther, I cannot tell a good lie."—Punch.

Motorist (on country road)—I'll give you £5 for that picture if you don't put another stroke to it.

Artist—I am really very flattered by your offer; but it is not quite finished.

Motorist—Oh! that doesn't matter; I just want the canvas to mend a busted tire with.

Every Stiff Joint Limbered, Rheumatism Cured!

That Old Family Remedy "Nerviline" is Guaranteed for the Worst Cases

CURES NEURALGIA, BACKACHE, LUMBAGO

Rheumatism today is unnecessary. It is so well understood and so readily curable that every day we have reports of old chronics being freed of their tormenter.

"I can speak confidently of the Nerviline treatment, for the simple reason that it cured me," writes Albert B. Cornelius, from Kingston. "You can't imagine how stiff and lame and sore I was. Nights at a time I couldn't sleep well. I followed the Nerviline directions carefully—had it rubbed into the sore regions four or five times every day. Every rubbing helped to reduce the pain. The swelling went down. I got a fair measure of relief in a week. I also took two Ferrozone Tablets with my meals. They increased my appetite and spirits, purified my blood and toned up my system generally.

"I am as well today as a man could be—in perfect good health. I give Nerviline all the credit."

A large family size bottle of Nerviline costs only 50c., or the trial size 25c., and is useful in a hundred ills in the family. Whether it's toothache, earache, headache, neuralgia, lame back or a cold, Nerviline will cure just as readily as it will cure rheumatism. For family use nothing equals Nerviline.

Small Tacks

How is this for a stunt? The centre of the tack industry used to be Bromagrove, a town in Worcestershire, Eng., where all work was done by hand. It was a common feat for experts to forge 1,000 to 1,200 tacks so small as to fill the barrel of an ordinary goose quill, their weight being only about twenty grains.

"No, Gladys," said Mrs. Cumrox; "you cannot go to the party tonight."

"Why not?"

"Because we cannot be out of fashion. There is only one set of rainbow hair in the house, and I am going to wear that myself."—Washington Star.

A popular actress was condemning the flirt.

"The flirt," she said, "has a good time in the present—a good time of a sort in the present—but what about the future? Many a girl is on the shelf today because she kept men on the rack yesterday."—Washington Star.

Crisply Explained

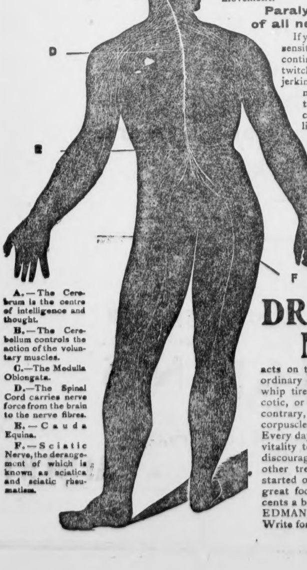
New Governess—"When I was your age I could answer any question in grammar."

Gladys—"Really? But then you had a different teacher."—Exchange.

PARALYSIS AND LOCOMOTOR ATAXIA

The most dreaded results of neglected nervous diseases—Study this chart and the symptoms stated here to learn if you are in danger—DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD will cure you.

To understand paralysis and locomotor ataxia, which is paralysis of the limbs, and their causes, it is well to remember that every movement of the body or its members is due to the contraction of muscle, which can only take place under the influence of nerve force. As this all-important nerve force is created in the nerve centres of the brain and spinal cord, and conducted along wire-like nerve fibres to the various parts of the body, any derangement of the brain, spinal cord or nerve fibres may result in paralysis or loss of the power of movement.



A.—The Cerebrum is the centre of intelligence and thought.

B.—The Cerebellum controls the action of the voluntary muscles.

C.—The Medulla Oblongata.

D.—The Spinal Cord carries nerve force from the brain to the nerve fibres.

E.—Cauda Equina.

F.—Sciatic Nerve, the derangement of which is known as sciatica and sciatic rheumatism.

Paralysis, then, is the natural result of all neglected nervous diseases.

If you find yourself nervous and irritable, over-sensitive to light, sound and motion, addicted to continual movement or tapping of the fingers, twitching of the muscles, sudden startings and jerkings of the limbs during sleep; if you have nervous headaches or dyspepsia, are unable to sleep or rest, feel downhearted and discouraged, and unfit to fight the battles of life; if your nerves are weak and exhausted, your blood thin and watery, you have every reason to fear paralysis of at least some part of the body, and consequent suffering and helplessness.

Paralysis can always be prevented, and partial paralysis actually cured, by the timely use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. The time to begin treatment is when any of the above-mentioned symptoms become apparent. These are indications of a degeneration of the nerve cells, and when nerve force becomes exhausted, paralysis is bound to follow.

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

acts on the system in an entirely different way to ordinary medicines. It is neither a stimulant to whip tired nerves to renewed activity, nor a narcotic, or opiate, to deaden the nerves. On the contrary, it is a food cure, which forms new, red corpuscles in the blood and creates new nerve cells. Every day it is bringing back health, strength and vitality to scores and hundreds who have become discouraged through the failure of doctors and other treatments to cure them. Why not get started on the way to health at once by using this great food cure? Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50. At all dealers, or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., LIMITED, Toronto. Write for booklet on "The Nerves."

FOR ONE MONTH

we will conduct a

STOCK REDUCING

SALE

Which will be held
by Departments.

**Sales in each department will last
ONE WEEK.**

Watch for our weekly bulletins and be on hand to take advantage of these bargains.

Sale will include Shoes, Dry Goods, Gent.'s Furnishings, Earthenware, Furniture, etc.

You can't forget the place--it's

HOAGLIN'S

The Home of Low Prices,

BOW ISLAND - - - ALBERTA

Bow Island Review

W. P. COTTON, PROPRIETOR.

Bow Island - Alberta

A newspaper published in the interests of Bow Island and the surrounding district.

Subscription Rates—$1.50 a year.
United States — $2.00 a year.
Payable in advance.

Advertising Rates on Application.

Arrangements are being made for a **course of instruction** at Calgary for **school teachers who** desire to qualify as **Cadet Instructors.** The course will **begin about** July 1st and will occupy about **six weeks.** The number of applicants accepted will be limited to fifty male teachers.

Transportation to and from Calgary will be provided for all accepted candidates and during the course an allowance of $1.00 per day in addition to $1.00 per day for subsistence will be made by the Department of Militia and Defence.

Teachers who have not already taken the course and who desire to do so should make application at once to the District Officer Commanding, Military District No. 13, Calgary, Alberta.

Another Ocean Disaster.

Empress of Ireland Sinks in the St. Lawrence.

Montreal, May 29.—The collier Storstad has 360 survivors from the Empress of Ireland on board, according to an announcement made by the government signal service. With approximately 400 landed at Rimouski, this accounts for 760 souls aboard the Empress, leaving 677 unaccounted for at 10 o'clock, this morning.

Rimouski, May 29.—Of the 350 survivors of the Empress of Ireland who were landed here, this morning, 22 have since died from injuries and shock from exposure. Of the 350 only 12 were women.

Father Point, Que., May 29.—A terrible disaster which equals in its awful suddenness that of the Titanic occurred 30 miles east of the point in the dark hours of this morning The S. S. Empress of Ireland, which left Quebec yesterday afternoon with 990 passengers and a crew of 432 officers and men, bound for Liverpool, collided in a fog with a collier believed to have been the Starstad. The impact was tremendous, and the Empress began to sink at once. The scene immediately after the collision baffles description. The shrieks of passengers rudely awakened from their slumbers, the hoarse cries of the captain and officers, and the wailing of women, mingled with the rushing of the waters of the gulf. There was hardly any time to launch boats. Only the most meagre details are available at this hour.

Four hundred and twenty passengers are believed to be saved. It is to be feared all the remaining 1002 have found a watery grave.

The S. O. S. signal was sent out by the wireless operator of the Empress at once and reached the government steamer, Lady Evelyn, and the Eureka which was at the wharf at the time. They immediately steamed full speed to the scene. The Empress of Ireland was in command of Capt. Kendall, R.N.R., who commanded the Montrose when Crippen was captured.

He is among the saved. Other officers of the ill-fated liner were M. R. Steede, chief engineer, W. Sampson, second engineer, A. B. McDonald, R.N.R., purser, J. F. Grant, M.D., surgeon, A. W. Gaad, chief steward.

The steamer Storstadt, which collided with the Empress of Ireland was badly damaged about the bows, but is pulling in with her own steam. She has on board some survivors and some dead bodies from the Empress. The latter sank in sixteen fathoms of water.

At earliest dawn boats could be seen from the Quebec coast hovering over the spot, but there was no sign of the two steamers and the worst was learned immediately.

Shortly after 6 o'clock the first of the rescued were brought to Rimouski 337 in all.

The dense fog at the time of the collision may have been the cause of some of the lifeboats pulling out of sight of the disaster and it is possible that more may yet be rescued.

The Empress of Ireland had been chosen for the passage of many of the Canadian members of the Salvation Army who had arranged to attend the conference in London. Head among these were Commissioner and Mrs. Rees, Field Secretary Col. Gaskin and Mrs. Gaskin, Chief Secretary Col. Maidment, Major and Mrs. Findlay.

FOR SALE---CHEAP!

For Sale or exchange, three lots, 12, 13, and 14, block 2, Hoaglin subdivision, with house 20 x 28, and barn 12 x 20. Will be sold cheap, if taken at once, or will exchange for horses, cattle or land. Apply—C. MOREY, 12-8-10, Bow Island.

Assuring Your Business.

A policy of advertising is a policy of life assurance, and the protection thus secured is well worth its annual cost.

Old customers die or move away—they must be replaced.

Old customers are subject to the influence of temptation—they may be induced to divide their custom—to do some of their shopping at a competitor's.

New comers to this community will shop with you—become regular customers—if they are invited to do so.

Your competitor's advertising is an influence which must be offset if you are to maintain your trade.

Not to advertise regularly to the readers of the BOW ISLAND REVIEW is to leave your business unprotected.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC.

It is no sign of weakness to follow the lead of advertising You owe it to yourself to get the most for your money, the best goods and the best service. And if you find that your inclination is to shop where you are invited to shop rather than to continue to be a customer of the shop which never solicits your goodwill, you need have no compunctions of conscience.

Shop where you are Invited to Shop

LOST!

On Main Road, one mile west of Newdale School, camera tripod—For Reward apply, B. L. JAMIESON, Jeweller, Bow Island.

FOR SALE!

A McClary Range, worth $75.00, will sell for $40.00. Apply—H. E. BEATTIE, Bow Island.

For Sand and Gravel

In any quantity for building purposes. Apply—R. W. COOPER, two miles south-west of town, Bow Island P.O.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—One Hartford Cooking Range, almost new, and one Hot Blast Heater. Apply at Presbyterian Manse or at office of Bow Island Realty & Development Co.

BOW ISLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT, No. 1883.

Notice to Contractors

SEALED TENDERS marked "Tenders for Cottage School," also tenders for heating apparatus for same, marked "Tenders for Heating Apparatus" will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, June 16th, 1914, for the erecting and completing of a Cottage School, also the installation of heating apparatus, as per specifications, on School premises Block 1, Plan 5800S, Bow Island, Alberta.

Plans and specifications may be seen and full information obtained at the office of the Secretary-treasurer, Bow Island, Alberta.

Tenders must be accompanied by accepted cheque for 5 per cent of the amount of tender, payable to the Treasurer of Bow Island School District, No. 1883, which amount will be forfeited if the party awarded the contract fails to complete it in accordance with his tender.

The School Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Dated at Bow Island this fifth day of June, 1914.

W. A. BATEMAN,
Secretary-treasurer.

HOTEL MYRTLE

Geo. F. Ridgedale, Prep.

Commercial Travellers' Home.

Best Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

The Leading Hotel

In Bow Island.

Two Big Sample Rooms in connection.

Headquarters for Farmers & Ranchers

Rates--$2.00 a day.

MEAL HOURS.

Week Days—Breakfast 6.30 to 9. Dinner 12.0 to 2.0. Supper 5,30 to 7.30.

Sundays—Breakfast 8 to 9.30. Dinner 12.30 to 1.30. Supper 5.30 to 7.0.

Bow Island :-: Alberta

Calgary Oil Boom is your opportunity

We offer Consolidated Oil Shares at 35 cents, par value One Dollar.

THE BEST PROPOSITION on the market. Handled exclusively by a well known and responsible firm.

TAYLOR, HUNTER and CO.,
FISCAL AGENTS.
701, CENTRE STREET, CALGARY.
Also at Edmonton & Medicine Hat.

MASTER MECHANIC

UNION MADE

OVERALLS

THE BEST OF THE HIGH GRADES

You're on the Right Track

when you buy Master Mechanic Overalls and Shirts. Made in Winnipeg by union labor from best material. Extra large sizes.

17

EVERY GARMENT GUARANTEED

Sold by
BOW ISLAND MERCANTILE CO.
BOW ISLAND, ALTA.

WESTERN KING MANUFACTURING Co. LIMITED
WINNIPEG

Another Good Thing for Bow Island.

Our Meat Shop Fills Every Domestic Requirement. **It Satisfies All**

Since our opening on Monday, June 1st, our service and careful attention to MEAT ORDERS have given general satisfaction, and for the confidence reposed in us we extend our hearty thanks. The quality of our meats is already creating very favorable comment, and the support of the citizens is very much appreciated.

We shall make it one of the chief items in conducting our business to supervise carefully every order, so that the most exacting customer will be satisfied, and at the same time will use our utmost endeavor to procure the best meats possible.

Your order, large or small, will be appreciated. **Phone orders receive prompt attention.**

Awaiting your commands, we are, respectfully yours,

MacGregor Bros., Phone 29 **Family Butchers**

Corner Bell Street and Lethbridge Avenue, Bow Island

Lumber, Sash, Doors or Inside Finish

Sold to you under our system of direct dealing between the Mill and the Farmer

At 25 to 30% Less than Through Middlemen

Best B. C. product. Place your order now—Prices will not be lower, and may advance. We also sell Beaver Board.

THE RIVERSIDE LUMBER CO. LTD
DEPT. X CALGARY, ALBERTA 3

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including time required earn each homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Duties. — Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Endon.

Endon, May 29.—Mrs. Della Webb of Winnifred, is spending the summer here with her daughter, Mrs. J. Villermour. Mrs. Webb came out Sunday and was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Elliott and daughter Lena, and M. G. Hoffien. In the evening the latter returned by auto to town.

A family reunion took place at J. Villermour's Sunday, when the above named people, Mrs. H. Luther and Mrs. Chester Webb met at his home.

Councillor D. Morris is at the Hat. He is accompanied by his son Altus who is filing on a fine quarter section of land south of his father's farm.

S. W. Davis and Frank J. Kraft have secured a lease hold near Pakowki Lake and have a large bunch of cattle located there in charge of a herder.

G. Hill was here Wednesday from Foremost.

John Shaw is building a fine residence here.

Lovers of dandelion greens in this locality would be glad to have some of the dandelion seed blow down this way from the Hat gardens.

Advertise your wants.

BE WISE--EAT

Fresh Fruit, Berries and Vegetables and you will not only feel better but you will

SAVE THE DOCTOR'S BILL

ICE CREAM and SOFT DRINKS.

Queen's Restaurant, Just East of the Post Office.
CHUCK CHUEN, PROPRIETOR.

Irrigation Water Turned on S.A. Farm.

Experimental Farm at Ronalane in Charge of an Experienced Irrigationist — Will Show What Can Be Done.

The first flow of water for irrigating the experimental farm of the Southern Alberta Land Company at Ronalane was applied about a week ago. A pumping station has been installed and the water is brought from the Bow river into a small reservoir and thence distributed over the 100 acre farm which is being planted with a variety of farm products.

Among the crops which will be attempted will be five acres of sugar beets, five acres of alfalfa, five of garden products, and five of potatoes. The remainder will be planted in various farm crops.

S. Hansen, an expert irrigation farmer from the Blackfeet irrigation district of Montana, is in charge of the experimental farm and from the results of his farming this season the company will be able to estimate the productivity of the 35,000 acre tract which will be opened for cultivation next year, when the lateral ditches from the main canal have been completed in the Vauxhall district.

Information received from the office of the Southern Alberta Land Company regarding a report on the number of men employed at the present time by the company, is to the effect that 600 men are employed in the fifteen camps now in operation. This is an average of 40 men for each camp. Many of the camps have a larger number of men than this but there are several smaller camps.

This 600 men does not include the men at work for contractors which would probably amount to several hundreds as several large excavating contracts are now under way.

Last month (April), the payroll amounted to $35,000, of which $2,000 was for the head office and the remainder for the men on the works. The present month (May) will greatly exceed last month as a large amount of new work is being undertaken in connection with the cut-off at the Bow river reservoir.

PROWSE & LYONS

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc.
J. B. Lyons, - J. H. Prowse
Bow Island every Thursday afternoon and Friday forenoon.
TABER, . . ALTA.

Doondale.

With a very large attendance at the Doondale school-house last Friday night, 5-9 organized their baseball team. This year Foremost, 3-11, and the "Greys," named from 5-9, will form a small league, and our boys have a strong desire to win all honors, Harvey Mackenzie is manager and David Ferriff, captain.

Harvey Mackenzie and Walter Jackson were called upon by the Foremost ball team to help them win a game from 3-11 on the 22nd.

J. B. McFall and family have taken up their residence on sec. 21-5-8, and are building a large house.

The Misses Almeta and Madge Bishop who are teaching school near Many Berries, enjoyed the Queen's birthday at home with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Orra Bishop.

Clifton Lenall and Wm. Thiel gathered a large herd of young stock in our district which they drove to Gull Lake where they will herd them during the summer.

Grain in this district is looking very well at present but rain is greatly needed.

Ed. Childs was seriously hurt a few days ago at Young's sheep ranch while working under a heavy wagon which in some way fell as the wheels had been removed.

Frank O'Neil returned from Great Falls, Montana, last week.

Lee Fraxler and family returned to the homestead after six months' residence at Lethbridge.

Roy McFall and Asa Queckboerner drove to Endon last Sunday.

Mrs. Jos. Young came out to the sheep ranch last week, where she will spend a few weeks.

Work on the new crossing over the coulee in 5-9 is expected to start soon. The municipality has purchased several scrapers and plows and other implements necessary for road work.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to six p.m. on MONDAY JUNE 15th, 1914, for the erection of a schoolhouse on sec. 35-7-11.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the residence of the Secretary T. H. Whittle, sec. 35-7-11.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

T. H. Whittle,
Secretary,
Charing S.D. No. [illegible]

JUDSON ROSEBROUGH,

CEMENT FINISHER.

Concrete Work of every Description.
All work receives personal supervision

OIL. OIL. OIL

List Your Stock With Us.

We have shares for sale in Black Diamond No. 1 & 2.

Beattie Bros.

(Next Queen Restaurant)

Main Street Bow Island

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CLARK'S

POTTED MEATS—

Full flavored and perfectly cooked make delicious sandwiches.

The child's delight. The picnicker's choice. Everybody's favorite.

ANYONE CAN DYE THEIR CLOTHES WITH

DY-O-LA

The Dye that colors ANY KIND of Cloth Perfectly, with the SAME DYE.

No Chance of Mistakes. Clean and Simple. Ask your Druggist or Dealer. Send for Booklet. The Johnson-Richardson Co. Limited, Montreal

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

USED BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS FOR THREE GENERATIONS

CANCER

Book Free. A simple Home treatment removed lump from this lady's breast Old sores, ulcers and growths cured. Describe your trouble; we will send book and testimonials.

THE CANADA CANCER INSTITUTE, LIMITED
10 CHURCHILL AVE., TORONTO

HERBALIST

Five dollars guarantees delivery by registered post Alver's Three Hours' Tape Worm Remedy. Never fails. Painless. Write Alver, 501 Sherbourne street, Toronto, Ont.

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS

Something better than linen and big laundry bills. Wash it with soap and water. All stores or direct. State style and size. For 25c we will mail you.

THE ARLINGTON CO. OF CANADA, Limited
58 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

EVERY MAN IN BUSINESS Needs Our

CATALOGUE

Of Marking Devices. Send for it.
DICKINSON, The Stamp Man.
811A First Street East, Calgary

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel 'OUT of SORTS' 'RUN DOWN' 'GOT the BLUES' SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, PILES, write for FREE CLOTH BOUND MEDICAL BOOK ON these diseases and WONDERFUL CURES effected by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1 No2 No3 **THERAPION** and decide for yourself if it is the remedy for YOUR OWN ailment. Absolutely FREE No follow up circulars. No obligations. DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG WE WANT TO PROVE THERAPION WILL CURE YOU.

PATENTS

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., head office, King street east, Toronto, Canada.

Organized Charity

"That's a funny sort of interpreter you have here. He never says a word."

"He's a poor deaf and dumb man we are trying to help. Everyone must live, you know."—Journal Amusant.

Lady Visitor—Oh, Tommy, you have a nice new suit?

Tommy—Yes. I think the man pa bought it from is sorry he sold it. He's always calling.

Try Murine Eye Remedy

If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids. Doesn't Smart —Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 50c. Eye Books Free by Mail. An Eye Tonic Good for All Eyes that Need Care Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

W. N. U. 1002

The Flight of Empress Eugenie

The events of 1870-71 were tragic in their effect upon the life of that lovely butterfly, the spouse of Napoleon the Little.

At the conclusion of the way he had entered upon so gaily Napoleon III. was a prisoner for the fourth time in his chequered life. Sedan had been his undoing, and Paris wreacked vengeance on his consort by beseiging her in the Tulleries.

One Sunday afternoon the Empress resolved to attempt an escape. It was four o'clock, she had no money, and was without food. Someone procured her a cab, and she passed through the streets unrecognized save by one little boy. Her "cocher" took her to two houses inhabited by Royalists, but both families were away from home.

After a wearisome journey fraught with fatigue and anxiety, she arrived at Deauville, near Trouville, in a Normandy peasant's cart forty-eight hours after her flight from the capital. A well-wisher introduced her to Sir John Fox Burgoyne, whose yacht, the Gazelle, was waiting in port to convey his wife to England on her return from Switzerland.

Sir John, whose statue now stands in a corner of Carlton house terrace, bravely arranged to take her majesty across the channel to a place of safety. This, however, was sooner promised than it could be performed. A fearful storm raged, and in the early morning of September 7th the vessel capsized in the Bay of Biscay, and with the ship sank Sir John Burgoyne's only son, V.C., the commander.

Ignorant of the sad news, the owner of the Gazelle set sail as soon as the tempest slightly lulled, even then they experienced a terrible passage, and the yacht only reached Ryde after twelve hours' conflict with wind and wave.

Sir John escorted his royal passenger to an hotel, where she stayed the night before continuing her journey to Hastings, where her son, the Prince Imperial, had just arrived with three other exiles.

Farming on Vancouver Island

It has been said that agriculture is declining in British Columbia, the statement being based on limited observation. Live statistics for the past year show a slight decrease in dairying. This is largely owing to the fact of the acquisition of farming lands contiguous to cities for subdivision and residential purposes thus putting out of business many farms that used to supply the cities of Victoria and Vancouver, with dairy and other farm products. There has, however, been a considerable increase in dairying in the outlying districts and it will only be a very short time before this loss is made up by districts further away from our contres of population.

Mr. W. T. Scott, deputy commissioner of agriculture for the province has forwarded a report on the agricultural progress of Vancouver Island to the Victoria board of trade. In it he states that poultry raising is increasing by leaps and bounds. There are many people engaged in this profitable phase of farming, and making very good returns. The southern part of Vancouver Island undoubtedly is destined to become the Petaluma of British Columbia. There are very few countries in the world, and certainly none in our Dominion of Canada, which offer such good prospects for successful poultry raising as Vancouver Island.

Many farmers on Vancouver Island keep a small flock of sheep on their places, but there is room for a large development. The profits to be realized from sheep are probably greater in proportion to the amount of capital invested than any other line of the live stock industry.

Beer From the Bank of England

The Bank of England has the right in common with some other old-established businesses, to sell beer by retail. This power was granted by Charter in 1694, and it has never been taken away from it. The bank could, therefore, if it choose, start in business as a public-house tomorrow, or it could send round a special "Bank of England" brand of, say, bottled stout, delivered in its own drays at your door, with a facsimile of the chief cashier's signature on the label of each bottle as a guarantee of purity. The dean and chapter of St. Paul's Cathedral can also lay claim to a similar privilege, with the right, in addition, to brew their own beer. Paul's brewhouse formerly stood at the corner of the entrance to Doctors' Commons from the church yard, and an average of between sixty and seventy thousands of gallons of "strong ale" were brewed there every year. The sale of this, however, was confined to the cathedral precincts.—Sheffield Weekly Telegraph.

Whether the corn be of old or new growth, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure, the simplest and best cure offered to the public.

Bride's First Mistake

An amusing incident recently took place in a hotel at a popular seaside resort. At one of the tables in the writing room sat the young and charming Mrs. Newlywed busily engaged on a letter. Suddenly she stopped, laid down her pen and gazed out of the window; then she stared at the ceiling, evidently deep in thought. Finally she made a number of jottings on the blotter beside her, examined them carefully and at length resumed her letter. A base and uncalled for curiosity prompted the correspondent to take his seat at that table not long afterward. In the blotter, each word followed by a formidable quesion mark, was the mysterious inscription: "Happyness? Happiness? Happyness?" And, alas, Mrs. N. had made the first mistake in her married life. The first two words had a determined line drawn through them.—Glasgow News.

On the Job

"Do you keep 'Far From the Maddening Crowd?'" asked the lady at the book counter of the department store.

"No, ma'am," replied the girl attendant; "I can't. I have to work here bargain days, too."—Yonkers Statesman.

Always Reliable

Relief from the ailments caused by disordered stomach, torpid liver, irregular bowels is given —quickly, safely, and assuredly—by the tried and reliable

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

An Indian Ghost Story

Several years ago I had a studio in Albuerque, New Mexico, and the walls of my reception rooms and office were hung with large photographs of Indians. One day I was visited by six men of the Navajo tribe who, after much smoking and visiting, made known the real cause of their call. Directly over my desk was a framed portrait of one of the old medicine men of their tribe, who had just died. Believing that a part of his soul was imprisoned in the portrait—else how could it look so like him?—they asked me if I would not destroy it, so that his spirit might be released and be at peace. I immediately took the print from the frame and tore it into bits while the men looked on with silent approval. After thanking me they each shook my hand in turn and filed quietly out of the room. They did not suspect that there might still be in existence other copies of the picture or a negative.—Karl Moon in Leslie's.

NEW HOPE FOR SUFFERERS FROM PARALYSIS

There are cases of paralysis that cannot be cured. But that is far different from saying that every case of paralysis is incurable. There is absolute proof that many forms of this disease are curable. Of the cases that cannot be cured many can be so benefitted that the formerly hopeless sufferer will once more find life worth living.

Attention is called to the remarkable cures that have been effected in case of partial disorders, by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Some of these cures are so wonderful as to challenge belief, but in every case the statements have been carefully verified and may be investigated by anyone interested. In this connection the case of Miss B. Millehan, of St. John, N.B., is worthy of the most careful attention. Miss Millehan says: "Some three years ago I was taken seriously ill with diphtheria. The doctors brought me safely through this dreaded trouble, and I was assumed to be well. But two weeks later I took a relapse, my throat and limbs becoming paralyzed. I could neither speak nor walk. I was under the best of medical care, and after a few weeks was able to sit up in bed, but my throat was still completely paralyzed and I could only utter unintelligible sounds. I was treated by three of St. John's best physicians, for this trouble and my case was given up as hopeless. A friend asked me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but I had spent so much on medicine without help that I thought it would be only a further waste of money. However, I felt myself growing daily weaker and weaker, and I decided as a last chance that I would try the Pills. By the time I had taken half a dozen boxes I could walk across the floor, something doctors had told me could never happen again. I still continued taking the pills, my speech returned, and I felt myself in perfect health. My friends thought my restoration nothing short of a miracle, and I think myself that I have to thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that I am living today, and I feel confident they can do quite as much for others as they did for me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills effect cures in cases of this kind because they make new, rich, red blood, which feeds and strengthens the nerves, and tones up the whole system. If you are in need of a medicine give these pills a trial. We are confident you will not be disappointed. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Nothing is quite so much beneath a true sportsman as shooting fowl before giving them a fighting chance on the wing.

A hunter of this type was in the field with another man who was out for his first hunt. Soon a quail was discovered running in the road ahead of them.

"Don't shoot it on the run," the sportsman called, rather harshly, when he saw the other raise his gun.

"I won't. I'll wait till it stops."—Harper's Magazine.

I cured a horse of the Mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
CHRISTOPHER SAUNDERS.
Dalhousie.

I cured a horse, badly torn by a pitch fork, with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
St. Peter's, C.B. ED. W. LINLIEF.

I cured a horse of a bad swelling by MINARD'S LINIMENT
THOS. W. PAYNE.
Bathurst, N.B.

Misunderstood

"I've come," said the woman politician, "to ask you to support me."

"I'm sorry, miss," replied the man, "but you're too late, I've been married for years."—Detroit Free Press.

"Don't you suppose that Noah felt badly at seeing everybody else drowned?"

"Not after all the joshing I presume he had to endure while building the ark."—Pittsburgh Post.

Lighthouse Bird Perches

Bird perches on lighthouses will soon be put to the test as a device for saving the lives of hundreds of birds who, in the ordinary way, would perish on striking the lenses of the powerful lights during their flights to England for the summer. Recent observations has led to the belief that the birds are not killed as a rule dashing against the light, but by sheer weariness. The lighthouses probably disturb the instinct of the birds for direction. If the flight is made in one dash they keep the sense of direction intact. If they stop and circle around the light they become temporarily dazed.

The Royal Society for the Preservation of Birds is interested in this scheme, and it is hoped to make bird perches a permanent equipment of the lighthouse.

Its Virtue Cannot be Described—No one can explain the subtle power that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil possesses. The originator was himself surprised by the wonderful qualities that his compound possessed. That he was the benefactor of humanity is shown by the myriads that rise in praise of this wonderful Oil. So familiar is everyone with it that it is prized as a household medicine everywhere.

A Shell Game

"Genevieve, I notice you like to write your name on the eggs you pack."

"Yes," admitted the dairymaid. "Do you object?"

"Not at all," said the farmer.

"You have a pretty name. Write it upon all the eggs you please, but don't set down any dates."—Kansas City Journal.

Are Your Corns Tender?

Why keep them—why suffer when cure can be had in twenty-four hours by using Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor? Its healing balms and soothing qualities relieve the pain in a few hours, the hard kernel of the corn is dissolved away. Absolute satisfaction in a 25c bottle of Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor.

Good Bait

Fish stories are supposed to be unique as stretchers of the imagination, but none beats the story told by a recent British visitor at Washington.

It seems that one of his acquaintances, a traveller of some note, had sold a small farm to an Irishman, and the latter was complaining because there were no birds in his garden.

"Set some traps," suggested the traveller, "and they will come."

"Sure, an' will they come thin?"

"Yes. I was in Africa, and there wasn't a woman, I had been told, within 200 miles. I wanted some one to cook, so I hung a pair of earrings and a bracelet on a tree and the next morning found five applicants under the branches."—New York Tribune.

SHILOH

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. :: :: 25 cents.

Belle (slyly)—I noticed a perceptible coldness between George and Maria this evening as they sat at a table in the tea room.

Nell (hopefully)—Was it a quarrel?

Belle—Oh, no. It was a pink ice cream.—Baltimore American.

The Wearying Chase

Tommy could not understand why his teacher thought the the following paragraph from his companion on A Hunting Adventure lacked animation and effectiveness:

Pursued by the relentless hunter, the panting gazelle sprang from cliff to cliff. At last she could go no farther. Before her yawned the chasm, and behind her the hunter.—Youth's Companion.

"George," said the wife to her generally unappreciative husband, "how do you like my new hat?"

"Well, my dear," said George, with great candor, "to tell you the truth—"

"Stop right there, George! If you're going to talk that way about it, I don't want to know."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Simplified Breakfasts

Make for good days

From a package of fresh, crisp

Post Toasties

fill a bowl and add cream or milk.

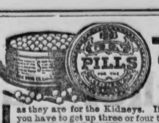
Then, with some fruit, a cup of Instant Postum, and a poached egg or two if you like, you have a simple breakfast that is wholesome and satisfying.

Toasties are bits of corn carefully cooked, delicately seasoned, and toasted to an appetizing "brown" without being touched by hand. They look good, taste good, and

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers—
Everywhere!

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor Ont



GIN PILLS

are just as good for the Bladder

as they are for the Kidneys. If there is trouble in retaining urine—if you have to get up three or four times or oftener during the night—if the urine is hot and scalding—Gin Pills will quickly relieve the trouble. They cure the kidneys and heal the irritated bladder. 50c. a box; 6 for $2.50. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price.
Sample free if you mention this paper. 184

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA LIMITED, - TORONTO.

What about your wife and children? Will they dress well after you are gone? Will your children be educated? Have a talk to-day with an agent of

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OFFICES:—Winnipeg, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Vancouver. Agents Wanted.

"SAFETY FIRST"

Is the "Golden Rule" nowadays, which is why you should deal with the Grocer who wraps his goods in

Eddy's Antiseptic Paper Bags

News to most women!

Oven-tested flour is for sale. Instead of buying ordinary flour you can buy flour whose baking ability has been proven in an oven:

A ten pound sample is taken from each shipment of wheat at the mill. This is ground into flour. The flour is baked into bread.

If this flour bakes into bread high in quality and large in quantity we keep the whole shipment of wheat and grind it. Otherwise we sell it.

More bread and better bread from this flour is a certainty!

PURITY

"More Bread and Better Bread" and "Better Pastry Too" 828

Never Again

A man, who had been sick, told a friend that he was being treated by a certain physician.

"Don't you know," said the friend, "that that doctor allows all his patients to die on his hands?"

"Well, if he lets me die on his hands, I'll never patronize him again!" replied the other indignantly. —Indianapolis News.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief, 50c.

And You Get Taken In

"What is this kleptomania I read so much about in the papers. Is it catching?"

"No; it is taking."

"Aren't some of the hats women wear absurd?"

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne; "and yet when some people put them on they look so appropriate."—Washington Star.

A certain lady in Paris gives periodical dinners, at which assemble most of the best known wits and literati of the day. The rule of the mansion is that while one person discourses no interruption whatever can be permitted. It is said that M. Renan once attended one of these dinners, and, being in excellent vein, talked without a break during the whole repast. Toward the end of the dinner a guest was heard to begin a sentence. After they had left the table, however, she at once informed the extinguished individual that, as M. Renan had now finished his conversation, she would gladly hear what he had to say. The guest modestly declined; the hostess insisted.

"I am certain it was something of consequence," she said.

"Alas, madame," he answered, "it was, indeed; but now it is too late. I should have liked a little more of that iced pudding."

A lady who had called to see Mrs. B. found her little son, Frank, in the library rubbing his eyes and gaping.

"Sleepy?" she inquired.

"Um," grunted Frank.

"I suppose you usually go to bed with the chickens," smiled the visitor.

"No, I don't!" snapped Frank. "I have a little bed in my room all to myself."—The Delineator.

A man's animosity toward a political opponent is sometimes so bitter that it does not cease even when the opponent is dead. A gentleman who had figured prominently suddenly came to the end of a long and useful life. On the day of the funeral one of the strongest political enemies of the deceased was asked:

"Are you going to attend Mr. —'s funeral today?"

"No," responded the distinguished gentleman, deliberately, "but I wish you to understand I heartily approve of it."

THE JOHN INGLIS CO., LIMITED
ENGINEERS & BOILERMAKERS

Engines of all kinds, Boilers of all kinds, Plumbing Machinery, Tanks, Heavy Plate Work, etc.—Write for prices.

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TORONTO, - CANADA

Spread E. D. SMITH'S JAM

on the children's bread and watch them smile

Can be had from your Grocer

"I'm horribly afraid," said the popular young actor, "that my wife will take a notion some morning to get a divorce."

"Well, you might prevent her from doing that by refraining from giving her any excuse."

"I know, but one hates to be called eccentric."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The soap and cleansing material used in the London public schools costs $20,000 annually.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE THROUGHOUT DOMINION

IN EASTERN CANADA PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND HAS THE LARGEST PERCENTAGE

In Western Canada Every Effort Is Put Forth in Providing Means of Education for the Increasing Population, New Schools Being Opened Every Week of the Year.

The school attendance in Canada is set forth in a statistical work just published by the census branch and based upon the last census. The total population between the ages of six and twenty years was 2,142,909, of which number 1,124,800 were attending school in 1910. The percentage is 52.51. Of the total 991,534 were Canadians, 58,115 British and 75,151 foreign born. In the eastern provinces the highest percentage of attendance between 7 and 14 years was in Prince Edward Island with 84.60 per cent., closely followed by Ontario with 84.27 per cent.; Nova Scotia with 82.86 per cent.; Quebec with 80.96 per cent., and New Brunswick 80.05 per cent. In the west, British Columbia led with 75.33 per cent.; Manitoba second with 74.64 per cent.; Saskatchewan, 66.71, and Alberta, 62.83.

In 1911 Prince Edward Island had .. school for the 196 of the total population, Nova Scotia one for every 185. New Brunswick one for every 186, Quebec one for every 290, and Ontario one for every 376.

Quebec and Ontario show the greatest percentage of children between 7 and 14 years of age attending school for more than six months, it being 76.47 per cent. of the total number in Quebec and 74.43 per cent. in Ontario. In the Maritime provinces, the percentage ranges from 62 to 67 and in the west from 43 to 61.

Conditions In the West

The bulletin referring more particularly to the west says: "The western provinces being the mecca of the immigrant and the bachelor homesteader from the eastern provinces, have to face the conditions which are incident to the opening up of settlement in a new country and therefore cannot be adversely compared as regards school attendance with older provinces of Canada, where conditions are stable. There are many things which render it difficult for the settler, whether immigrant or Canadian born, to procure a working education for his children—the principal of which are, for the immigrant, if a foreign lack of knowledge of our language, and for all classes, if homesteaders, that they have to take up land and make homes beyond the point where municipal organizations exist and which have unwillingly, for some years to deny their children an absolute necessity of a common school education.

"That the western provinces have not been remiss in their duty in providing means of education for the multitudes, which flock to their cities and spread over the plains in an ever increasing volume, is evidenced by the fact that Manitoba put in operation on an average two news schools per week, each year since 1906, Saskatchewan about five and Alberta about three per week.

Percentage of Attendance

Quebec and Ontario shows the greatest percentage for children 7 to 14 years of age attending school for more than six months, being 76.47 per cent. of the total number in Quebec and 74.43 per cent. in Ontario. In the Maritime provinces, the percentage ranges from 64.24 to 67.90 per cent. and in the prairie provinces, from 43.76 per cent., in Saskatchewan to 61.74 per cent. in Manitoba. In British Columbia the proportion was 67.34 per cent. The Maritime and prairie provinces show the greatest proportion attending school from four to six months in the year.

Of the school population between 5 and 16 only 67.90 per cent. of males and 68.78 per cent. of females were reported as being at school for any length of time in the school year preceding the census. In other words, for Canada, exclusive of Yukon and the Northwest Territories, 321 boys and 313 girls per 1,000 of this age were allowed to remain away from school. According to this age grouping the highest percentage of school attendance, 72.58 per cent. for males and 72.61 per cent. for females was made by Prince Edward Island and the lowest by Alberta, with 54.94 per cent., for males and 54.68 per cent. for females.

SMOKE NUISANCE

Railways to be Asked by Board to Abate Trouble

The railway commission will ask the railway officials to speak to the question of requiring further and additional smoke consuming devices and the amplification of existing orders with a view to abating the smoke nuisance at terminals.

About two years ago the board passed an order compelling railways to do all in their power to avoid the smoke nuisance. The order required them to burn proper coal on their locomotives, and and also to have smoke consuming devices equipped in the round houses. Lately the board has received several complaints and as a result has decided to hear what the officials of the roads have to say against the board passing a more stringent order.

Largest Yards in the World

Construction operations, extending over a period of almost two years, have now brought to a completion the new terminal yards of the C.P.R. at North Transcona.

The Winnipeg terminals of the C. P. R. are now the largest of their kind in America and perhaps the largest in the world. All told they comprise within a fraction of a mile of 200 miles of tracks. The Transcona tracks alone make a total of 156 and cover an aggregate distance of 125 miles. On these there is a capacity for 8,000 cars now and the work in prospect for the future will bring this capacity up to 12,000 cars.

LOST GOLD MINE IN ARCTIC

Archdeacon Whittaker, Pioneer Missionary, Tells of Fruitless Hunt For Hidden Treasure

An extraordinary story of a lost gold mine, was related recently by Archdeacon Whittaker, Anglican pioneer, who has labored for 19 years among the Eskimos in the vicinity of the Mackenzie river on the fringe of the Arctic ocean. The gold mine is supposed to be located between Fort McPherson and Herschel Island. According to Archdeacon Whittaker, tradition says that a great number of years ago a party of nine men, one of them an old C.P.R. surveyor, found a gold mine, which was stated to be of fabulous value, among the mountains in the vicinity. They made elaborate geographical notes so that they would be able to find it again and then returned with the object of making the necessary arrangements to work the mine. On the way out, each of them heavily laden with precious metal, provisions ran short and seven of the party died. The two remaining organized another party but the geographical calculations were lost in the meantime and all attempts to locate the mine ended in failure. For the past twelve or thirteen years, says Archdeacon Whittaker, party after party has attempted to reach the supposed treasure.

"Two years ago," he states, "I was going down the Porcupine on my way to Dawson, and I met half a dozen men with a little steam launch and a big supply of food. By the way of a joke I said to them, 'Are you looking for a lost mine?' not suspecting that was what they were really after. They claimed to have the exact latitude and longitude with them and seemed altogether sure they would be successful. But if they found gold, nobody has ever head of it."

Archdeacon Whittaker said that a man named McRae, a mining engineer in Mexico, gave up a good job and started out with a Sextant compass to look for the treasure on the strength of inside information, he claimed he had in his possession. McRae found indications, which led him to believe he was on the right track, and he came back and secured financial backing to the extent of $12,000. He bought an elaborate outfit, including a motor launch and went in again with four men, but the expedition met the same fate as the rest. Two of the men are still living in the vicinity. Archdeacon Whittaker added that Stefansson, the noted explorer, is now using the motor boat.

A Record in Avalanches

Avalanches in Switzeraind have been numerous recently and it is said that there have been more recorded than for over a century. From all quarters come news of destruction caused by the fall of great masses of snow down the mountain sides, but, by some happy fortune, no one has been injured, although there have been several narrow escapes.

An hotel has been destroyed and a number of houses crushed by an avalanche falling from the Col des Monets.

Another avalanche sweeping down from a height of 1,200 feet has damaged a number of houses in La Rosiere and carried away several chatlets. The thunder of the fall was such that it sounded as if the mountain were crashing down, and the tempest caused was so violent that in the streets of Argentire, nearly three-quarters of a mile away, it was impossible to stand upright.

At La Frasse, at the foot of the Aiguilles de Chamonix, an avalanche only came to a half at the walls of the houses of the village. An enormous number of trees were destroyed, a railway line damaged, a tunnel destroyed, and three chalets swept away.

Another avalanche has cut the road between Chamonix and Lespraz, while the former town has been deprived of light owing to damage done to its electric light works.

Yet another avalanche descended on the higher part of Argentiere, from the Aiguilles Rouges; a villa was destroyed by it, a sawmill wrecked, and serious damage done to the electrical works. No such avalanche has been recorded there since 1812. The fall of snow has been enormous, and the flakes lie over 6 feet deep in the village.

Telegraphic and telephonic communication has been cut off by the snow in the valleys of the Arve, Giffre, and Borne, while travelling is almost impossible in many parts of the country.

Dyed Shoes Are Dangerous

If you dye your brown boots black you may have to spend more money than if you bought a dozen pairs of new boots. In many of these dyes are aniline colors, which are easily absorbed by the open pores of the feet, and the result may be a very severe type of blood poisoning.

The latest case reported is that of a perfectly healthy young man who wore a pair of brown shoes that had just been dyed black and were not yet dry. In two hours he became livid, the lips bluish, the ears purple, the nostrils retracted, the skin chilly and the pulse 120 and weak.

The doctors were puzzled until they saw the newly blacked shoes in a corner of the room where the young man had flung them in his agony. After treatment the young man recovered, but he wanted no more of the shoes.

In another case a young man put on a pair of shoes dyed in the same way, and, putting on no socks, mounted his bicycle. In fifteen minutes he was seized with nausea and fell fainting from his wheel. He was seriously ill for three days.

The usual dye made for this purpose is aniline black in aniline oil, which is quickly absorbed by the pores of the feet so constantly open. The moisture of the feet aids also in dissolving the dye that has passed through the leather, making it easy for the dye to reach the feet in a soluble state.

Ice Cream Not Too Bad

An analysis of 137 samples of ice cream collected last autumn, made by A. McGill, chief Dominion analyst, shows that 49 were adulterated, while 8 were but slightly below standard

DAIRY INSTRUCTION IN SASK.

Lantern Slides a Medium in Dairying Lessons—W. A. Wilson Holds 52 Meetings

A complete series of dairy meetings have [illegible] recently completed in Saskatchewan, which have been of great interest and value to the farmers. Arrangements were made with the Grand Trunk Pacific and Canadian Pacific railway companies for a first class passenger coach and accommodation for two speakers. These two coaches were fitted up under the direction of dairy branch, department of agriculture, Regina, and provided with lanterns and some eighty lantern slides, illustrating various features of dairying as conducted in the province and the work that was being done to promote the industry. Representative slides were also sohwn of dairy breeds and animals in the respective breeds with enviable records, and the speaker in each dealt fully with the merits of such animals as compared with the ordinary type.

The car remained one day at each place, and was moved from point to point by passenger train. At many points afternoon and evening meetings were held. On the Grand Trunk Pacific 28 points were visited and 52 meetings held. The total number of farmers attending the meetings was 3,861, with an average of 138 at each place and 74 at each meeting. The largest attendance at one meeting was 350, and the speakers had to move their equipment from the car to a meeting hall in town. The Canadian Pacific itinerary covered 43 points and 48 meetings were held. There was an average attendance of 60 at each meeting, and a total attendance of 2,612. The largest attendance at one meeting was 110.

The value of lantern slides at such meetings cannot be estimated. It has three chief features. It provides an attraction in securing an attendance; it enables the speaker to show what he is talking about and promotes discussion on the various subjects presented. In our past experience at such meetings we never had anything like the interesting discussions which took place at the meetings where the slides were shown. Many of the evening meetings lasted until after midnight, and the afternoon meetings, though started at two o'clock, seldom terminated before six. In addition to the lantern slides the speakers had literature for distribution, and suitable printed matter was displayed on large cards throughout the car. It was a very common occurrence to see people in the audience with their notebooks, copying all that could be copied from the printed matter before the meeting opened, and many remained afterwards to complete the information.

The railway companies co-operated nobly with the government in carrying out this programme, and supplied the coach and equipment, together with an attendant to look after the heating of the car, entirely free of cost. In this respect they gave a great deal of assistance to the dairy industry in this province, and have shown their broad-mindedness in extending this liberal assistance to an industry requiring so much attention.

New Form of Civilization

That the Basustos in South Africa are capable of emerging from their tribal system into a new form of civilization, apart from white influence whatever, is the belief of Lord Selborne, a former High Commissioner for South Africa.

"But it will take a great many generations," he added. 'Yet the process has begun, and it is very interesting to see the evolution from the ordinary hut to the nice house, and also to see the evolution from the tribal system of cultivation to that of individual tenure of land. Those in Europe who think that our civilization might be improved by our abolition of all forms of private property might do worse than consider the attempts of the more intelligent Basutos to escape from their tribal system."

Lord Selborne further declared his conviction that there was nothing to fear from the Basutos in South Africa unless they were misgoverned.

Telephoned Between Train and Depot

While the eastbound Lackawanna Limited of the D. L. and W.R.R. was speeding on a non-stop run over the 53 miles between Scranton and Stroddsburg, Penna., C. V. Logwood, engineer of the Deforest Engineering company, sat in a little compartment on the train and talked easily with the telephone to Engineer Graf, of the Lackawanna company, who was sitting in the wireless room in the railroad station at Scranton.

This was the first successful trial of wireless telephoning between a moving train and a fixed station and everything worked fine. The Deforest amplifier, an invention of Lee Deforest, was used and made possible amplification of speech fifty times above the normal. The wireless telephony is a development of wireless telegraphy between a moving train and a fixed station which the Lackawanna perfected and put into practical use several months ago.

Changes in Naval Training

Changes have been made in the conditions governing the admission of naval cadets to the training college at Halifax. As Canada has no navy, those who pass through the college are no longer bound to adopt a naval career, while the government no longer promises to secure employment for them in the navy.

The college is to become an educational institution along the lines of the R.M.C. at Kingston. In addition to a general education, cadets will receive instruction in marine subjects and marine engineering, thus qualifying themselves for employment in the hydrographic, tidal and current surveys.

Appreciate Statue Offer

The British government has forwarded through Walter Hines Page, the United States ambassador, its keen gratitude for the offer made by the state of Virginia to present to the British nation a copy of Houdon's statue of George Washington

CANADA TO HAVE LARGEST TELESCOPE

USED TO MEASURE MOVEMENT OF STARS FAINTER THAN FIFTH MAGNITUDE

The Canadian Government to Build the World's Largest Telescope at a Cost of $100,000, the Sum Representing a Notable Contribution to Pure Science.

The Canadian government will soon posses a more powerful reflector telescope than any now in existence. It has been referred to in the newspapers as "the largest telescope in the world," but this description is misleading for two reasons: First, because its aperature, 72 inches, is to be the same as that of the famous Parsonstown reflector, built by Lord Rosse in 1842; and second, because by the time the Canadian instrument is completed it now seems likely that the 100 inch reflector which has long been under construction for the Mount Wilson Solar Observatory will also be ready for use. The Canadian telescope will, however, be a much more efficient instrument than Lord Rosse's. Not only will the mirror be much superior, but the mounting will enable the telescope to be worked to the full advantage. The Parsonstown reflector has an altazimuth, not an equatorial, mounting, and is operated under such difficulties that comparatively little use has ever been made of it.

Contracts for the new telescope have just been awarded to J. Brashear for the mirrors and other optical parts, and to Warner and Swasey for the mounting. The disk for the principal mirror will be made by the St. Gobain glass works, in Paris, but all the grinding and figuring will be done in the United States. The total cost will be nearly $100,000. Inasmuch as the instrument is intended primarily and notoriously for work of no immediate practical beenfit, viz., the spectographic measurement, of radial stellar velocities, this sum represents a very notable contribution to pure science on the part of a government.

The telescope will have a parabolic mirror of 72 inches clear aperture and 30 feet local length, with a central hole ten inches in diameter. The mounting is to be similar to that of the Ann Arbor and Melbourne reflectors, with a sketelon tube at one side and nearly midway between the bearings of the long polar axis, the balance being restored by the declinaton motion mechanicism and by counterweights at the other side. Both polar and declination axes will be carried entirely on ball or roller bearings of collimating and a complicated system of counterweighted rollers for relieving the friction. The construction will also be simplified in other respects, e.g., all fine circles will be omitted as will the slow motion arm in right ascension. It is characteristic of twentieth century technique in astronomy that, although the new telescope will have a full set of oculars for visual observation, no program of visual work is contemplated. Nowadays the camera takes the place of the human retina. The main purpose of the instrument will be the measurement of motion in the line of sight of stars fainter than the fifth magnitude; a task beyond the light-gathering power of nearly all existing telescopes. For such work the telescope will generally be used in the Cassegrain form: the light from the main mirror converging toward a focus, will be received by a second hyperboloidal mirror of about 19 inches aperture and 10 feet focus, placed about 23 feet above the main mirror. The light passes thence down through the hole in the main mirror, and the star images are formed about three feet below the latter. Here the spectrograph will be placed. For the fainter stars of low dispersion the spectograph will probably be placed at the prime focus. An investigation of the atmospheric conditions in different parts of Canada is now in progress, to determine where the telescope will be located.—Scientific American.

WOULD DECIMALIZE TIME

Frenchman Proposes 20 Hours and 1,000 Chrones for Day

A suggestion is made in the current Revue Bleue for the purpose of bringing the chronological system into line with the decimalization of money, weights and distance.

This new proposal involves the division of the day into twenty periods, called hores, instead of twenty-four hours, each hore being similarly divided into fifty periods, called chrones, each chrone—about one and a half minutes—being the thousandth part of a day—as the gram and the meter are the thousandth part, respectively, of the kilogram and kilometer. The chrones are further subdivided into centichrones, the equivalent of a second.

The deviser of the plan asserts that the new system would facilitate marine observations, besides simplyfying calculations of time generally. The French government, however, shows no inclination to adopt the idea.

Massachusetts Opposes Vaccination

"Massachusetts seems to be taking a plunge backward into barbarism," says a U.S. journal. "Her senate has just passed a bill upholding the stupid and wicked prejudice which a few people still entertain against vaccination.

"The persistence of this opposition in the face of more than a hundred years of application of this great prophylatic method and its now almost universal use is one of the curiosities of the human mind. In the countless millions of cases of vaccination the number in which harm has been done is almost indiscernible, and smallpox, once the scourge of civilized mankind, has been all but extirpated.

"Stranger by far than the limited popular prejudice is the sanction given to it by a legislative body in a state which assumes to lead in civilization."

PRAIRIE INTO VALUABLE LAND

Stupendous Irrigation Work Near Bassano Practically Completed

The greatest irrigation plant on this side of the world was practically completed with the finishing of the great dam across the Bow river at Bassano, Alta.

In the Canadian work 3,000 men have been laboring constantly for three years. A battery of steam shovels, hundreds of concerte machines, 2,000 teams, a corps of engineers and survey men, hundreds of freight cars for supplies and material, have been employed. Altogether $17,000,000 has been spent to turn the territory into a rich agricultural district.

The area affected by this distribution of water lies at the foothills of the Rocky Mountains. It stretches practically from the outskirts of Calgary east to the Red Deer river and as far north as Edmonton.

Cutting this immense irrigation "block" nearly in half is the Bow river, a stream 200 yards wide, which rises in the Rockies and flows, an icy torrent, through Alberta. Near Bassano it bends in a wide sweep like a horseshoe, and there is located the Bassano dam.

This dam is situated eighty-three miles east of Calgary, is 7,000 feet long, 350 feet thick at the base, narrowing at the top to forty-five feet. It is built of earth, re-enforced with concrete. Behind the dam are the gates of the main irrigation canal.

Propose Assistance to Wool Growers

The live stock branch of the Dominion department of agriculture is prepared to offer practical assistance this year to associations of wool growers in the preparation and display of their wool clips for market. Associations, in order to receive this aid, must be organized in accordance with the regulations of the branch, and membership is limited to actual owners of sheep. West of Fort William an association must contain at least 3,000 sheep, or sufficient to comprise one carload of wool; east of there, a relative number. The services of expert wool classifiers, who will take charge of and perform the grading, classification and preparation of the wool will be provided.

This proposal represents much more than a mere continuation of the work undertaken last year, when two wool classifiers, in the employ of the live stock branch, visited the western provinces and gave practical instruction and advice to sheep raisers upon wool growing.

Rather it means the introduction of a definite scheme whereby wool producers may be actually assisted in preparing and presenting their wools upon the market in the most acceptable fashion and thus be in a position to cater more directly to the requiremets of the market. Moreover, it should prove effective in developing and improving the general status of sheep raising and in creating an impetus to the production and preparation of an improved grade of wool [illegible] directly a better class of mutton.

The branch will also provide the means for the establishment of a central bureau for the distribution of current information respecting domestic and foreign markets of wool, so that the associations may be constantly in command of complete knowledge concerning the source of the demand and the ruling price of all grades.

Reliable information of this nature will serve as an excellent asset to an association in directing its policy and placing it in closer relationship with the demands of the trade.

Sheep raisers desirous of taking advantage of this offer and of forming an association should write, for detailed information and application forms to the live stock commissioner, Ottawa.

Air Ports in Britain

The Aerial League of the British Empire, in conjunction with the war office, and the admiralty, is making an effort to arouse the British public from the apathy in regard to aviation.

Plans are being made for the provision of aerial landing places throughout Great Britain. At first these "air" ports will be situated at places where they are most needed by the services, but in course of time it is hoped to have forty or fifty dotted about the country.

At least twenty-five acres will be required for each landing place, and they will be equipped with two hangars, fuel, spare parts, telephone, and, where possible, a wireless installation.

It is hoped that the financial resources will be considerably augmented by letting out the landing places as football and recreation grounds, but a considerable sum of money will be necessary for the initial expense.

At present, cross-country flying is considerably handicapped by the absence of suitable landing places, and it is hoped that a scheme which arouses local interest as well as patriotism will receive the fullest support in the old country, and later in the dominions.

Penalty For Landing There

Hans Berliner, the German aeronaut, who was made a prisoner at Kirgischansk, Russia, last February, when he came to earth at the end of a balloon trip from Bitterfield, Germany and the two passengers, who accompanied him, have been sentenced by the Russian authorities to six months' solitary confinement.

Drug Habit Grows at Alarming Rate

Owing to alarming ravages made by the opium habit in all classes of French society of late, a bill stringently to regulate the sale of the drug in its various forms has been drafted and will shortly be introduced in the chamber of deputies. In the meantime general orders have been issued by the police prefects of Paris, Toulon, Marsailles and other cities, to keep a sharp lookout for the traffic in all its phases and make arrests relentlessly wherever culprits may be found. The feelings of no noe, regardless of their prominence, are to be spared.

REPUBLIC OF MEXICO AND ITS HISTORY

COUNTRY HAS BEEN THROUGH MANY HANDS AND STRANGE ADVENTURES

History Dates Back to the Year 720—The Aztecs Established an Empire With a High Grade of Civilization Before the Invasion of the Spaniards.

The republic of Mexico, officially called the United States of Mexico, was one of the two great vice-royalties of Spain in the new world. Mexico and Peru, represented the dominions of a territory extending from the undefined north to the extremity of South America.

From the hopelessly confused legendary accounts of events in prehistoric Mexico, it is possible to make out only a rough outline of what happened. The Toltecs began a long course of wandering through the valleys about the year 720. They held sway until 1103, when their power was overthrown and they themselves driven southward through Central America. Their conquerors the Chichimecas, held the land until they were, in turn, overpowered by the Aztecs, who had wandered into the country from the north.

Aztecs Established Empire

The Aztecs established an empire with a high grade of civilization considering the wildness and savagery of the rest of the American hemisphere. The architecture, government, mode of living, and commerce were such as to astonish the Spaniards under Cortez, who invaded the country in 1519. Montezuma was their emperor.

The Spaniards quickly went to war with the Azetcs. The latter fought bravely for a time, but could do nothing before Cortez's cannon.

In 1810 a priest, Miguel Hidalgo, rang the church bell and called upon his people to throw off the yoke of foreign tyranny. A year later he was captured and shot, but the revolution continued until 1822, when Iturbide, a former Spanish official, but then a revolutionist, was proclaimed emperor of the independent monarchy, a year later a republic was established, and Quadalupe Victoria became the first president.

Texas Quits Mexico

In 1836 the Texans made good their separation from Mexico, and ten years later the United States army invaded the country, finding an easy conquest. Civil war followed and some of the European powers sent troops to protect the foreign citizens in Mexico.

Later on, all but France withdrew their troops, and it was then that Napoleon III. unfolded his plan for establishing a French empire in Mexico. He persuaded the weak-willed Austrian Archduke Maximilian to ascend the throne with his wife, the now insane Empress Charlotte.

The Mexicans then overthrew the monarchy, captured and shot the emperor and established another republic. General Juarez, leader of the patriots, became president. Upon his death, in 1872, Juarez was succeeded by Lerdo de Trejada, who was ousted by Portfirio Diaz, in 1877. Diaz was succeeded by his friend, Manuel Gonzalez, in 1880, who was, in turn, followed by Diaz again, the latter having changed the constitution limiting the terms a president might hold.

Follow United States

The government is patterned after that of the United States, having a president, vice-president, congress composed of two houses, and a similar system of judiciary.

Mexico is one of the richest mining countries in the world and has vast water, timber and agricultural resources. It has been largely developed and exploited by foreign capital, with little or no advantage to the people at large.

There are more than 16,000,000 inhabitants, over 10,000,000 of whom are pure-blooded Indians or largely of Indian blood. The ruling calss is, for the most part, of nearly pure Spanish blood, and constitutes a very small part of the population.

The Latest Homestead Map

The twelfth edition of a publication which should prove of interest to every person following the progress of settlement throughout the province of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta is now being prepared in the railway lands branch of the department of the Interior at Ottawa. It is known as a "Homestead Map," and shows in a graphic way the land situaton up to the beginning of the present year, also the standing of each quarter section throughout the three prairie provinces, according to the records of the department on the 1st of January, 1914. The map has been issued in three separate sheets, one for each province, the Saskatchewan and Manitoba sheets now being available for distribution, the additional sheet covering the province of Alberta to follow at an early date.

In addition to the information regarding lands which have been homesteaded or otherwise disposed of, the publication contains complete information with respect to Indian reserves, timber berths, grazing leases, post offices, railways, etc., throughout the three provinces.

The homestead map is being distributed free of charge. A copy of the Saskatchewan or Manitoba sheet may now be obtained upon application to F. C. C. Lynch, superintendent of railway lands, department of the Interior, Ottawa.

RURAL MAIL ROUTES

2,300 Are Now In Operation In Canada Says Official Note

According to a statement issued by the post office department the number of rural mail routes actually in operation at the present time is about 2,300 and the number of boxes erected on these routes 95,000.

The number of post offices closed in Ontario, owing to the establishment of rural mail delivery since the formation of the rural mail delivery branch on the first of April, 1912, is 587.

Your Co-operation Is Necessary!

IN consequence of the prevailing financial stringency, Western Canada is confronted to-day with an unexpected problem. Eastern manufacturers are more and more cautious in sending out consignments to the west, and are more insistent in their collections. This of course renders it increasingly difficult for the average storeholder to run large and long credits. The majority have not the capital to do it.

The large retail houses of both Eastern and Western Canada have long recognised the evils resulting from the credit business, and the futility of attempting to run a business successfully upon this system.

The Bow Island Mercantile Co. has gone into the matter very carefully, and after five years experience have come to the same conclusion as the larger retailers. The credit system is good for neither party.

The customer by paying cash gets what he really requires, and by adopting the cash system the Mercantile Company hopes, by the saving thus effected, to place itself in a position where it can offer substantial reductions, and at the same time maintain its high reputation for quality and service.

Your co-operation is invited. Your support will be appreciated.

Bow Island Mercantile Company - - Main Street

1836 THE BANK OF 1914

British North America

78 Years in Business. Capital and Surplus $7,786,666.

Plan Ahead For The Children's Education

Times may be no better, and money no more plentiful, when the education of your maturing children begins to make heavy demands on your purse. Open now, in the Savings Department of the Bank of British North America, a special Education Fund, so that you will be able to give your children the start in life which you owe them.

BOW ISLAND BRANCH - R. A. S. MAC LAREN, Manager
BURDETTE BRANCH - J. G. CARSON, Manager

ICE!

Leave your orders for Ice with . . .

Jas. Olquist,
P.O. BOX 32 'PHONE 33

FOR SALE.

154 acres, south-west quarter of 3-11-10, 40 acres broken, 2-roomed shack barn and granary, all fenced. Price, $2800, half cash, balance November 1st, 1914.

Also Lots 14 and 15, block 12, Bow Avenue. Price $1200, half cash, balance November 1st, 1914.

Lots 19 and 20, block 6, Broadway. Price $600, half cash, balance, November 1st, 1914.

Apply—D. Lysak, Standard, Alta.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

No Fear of Losing Your Money When Travelling

if you carry it in the form of

Travellers' Cheques

issued by the **Union Bank of Canada.** No one can cash them without your signature. Issued in denominations of $10, $20, $50, $100 and $200, with value in foreign currencies plainly stated on the face. Accepted at full value at hotels, ticket offices and business places generally throughout the world.

Bow Island branch - J. M. Milroy, Manager.
Grassy Lake branch - A. B. King, Act'g-mgr.
Winnifred branch - H. E. Sands, Manager.

Local & General.

Lou Hurlbut left on Wednesday evening for Medicine Hat.

A. Lee was a Lethbridge visitor on Thursday.

Geo. A. Espen visited the Hat Wednesday evening.

E. C. Ludtke spent a few days in Calgary last week.

A. Swennumson is spending the week at Calgary.

S. G. Jamieson returned on Sunday night from a visit to the coast.

Fuller and Smith shipped a car of hogs to Calgary on Wednesday night.

The Vics will meet their old opponents, Borden, tonight at 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Geo. A. Ruddell left on Monday for Regina to visit her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Howden spent a day or two in town this week.

F. Sutton was in Lethbridge Tuesday on business connected with the baseball league.

Miss E. McCrea left this week to visit her brother at Sunburst, Montana.

The Medicine Hat Milling Co. disposed of their plant this week to the Lake of the Woods Milling Co.

The Charing School District is advertising in this issue for tenders for the erection of a schoolhouse on sec. 35-7-11.

Bow Island versus Macleod, on Wednesday 10th at 5 o'clock Be there and help the boys to win.

Mrs. O. A. Sawdy, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. F. Sutton, returned to her home in Saskatchewan on Wednesday night.

Geo. B. Morrison has gone to Medicine Hat to take charge of the framing work of the new building of the Maple Leaf Milling Co.

The members of the L.O.L. will attend service at the Presbyterian church on Sunday next at 7.30 p.m. Rev. M. L. Wright will give an address on "Orangeism." Everyone invited.

A very important business meeting of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will be held in the Church on Thursday, June 11th at 3 p.m. All members are particularly requested to be present

A forced sale of four mares was held by Doc Garrison in town on Saturday. Three of these were bought by Jack Sellars at prices ranging from $47 to $128.

It is stated that the Bow Island Gas, Oil and Development Co., will amalgamate with a Calgary company, and drill two wells one at Bow Island and the other in the vicinity of the Dingman.

Mrs. A. W. Swayne, accompanied by her brother, Mr. S. Kitson, arrived in Bow Island on Monday, direct from the Old Country. Mr. Kitson left on Tuesday for the Rockies, where Rev. Swayne and his wife will join him shortly.

Considerable changes have been made in the C.P.R. train service for June. No. 511 (westbound) now arrives at 11.34, No. 512 (eastbound) at 16.08, No. 513 (westbound) at 2.00, and No. 514 (eastbound) at 2.30.

We regret to announce the death of Mrs. Albert Armstrong which occurred on Wednesday night at the Hospital of the Holy Cross, Calgary. The circumstances surrounding this sad event are touching in the extreme, and we extend to the bereaved husband and relatives our heartfelt sympathy in their great loss.

Mrs. Dr. W. H. Ryun, cancer specialist, of 414 Adams Street, Burlington, Iowa, who has been visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Anna B. Hoaglin, for the past few weeks returned home this week. During her visit Mrs. Ryun has treated several cases of cancer locally, all of which have been extremely successful. Mrs. Ryun, with her husband, has been established at Burlington, Iowa, for thirty years.

Tuesday, June 9th, has been chosen this year for the Memorial and Decoration Day by the I.O.O.F., and the occasion will be fittingly celebrated by the members of Bow Island Lodge and also by Golden Link (Rebekah) Lodge. The procession will leave the I.O.O.F. hall at 7.30 p.m. and march from there to the cemetery, where the beautiful and dignified decoration service will take place. Members and friends who will bring their rigs or cars are asked to be on hand early. Country members please note.

Anticline Runs Through Bow Island.

Mr. McArthur has taken exception to the statement in the Herald yesterday that an anticline extended from the vicinity of the Dingman well to the International line touching the corner of 1-13. This statement was not credited to Mr. McArthur, but to another authority who is in a position to know the opinion of the men who have prospected the entire field. Mr. McArthur is busy on his report at the present time, and in his preliminary report to the directors of the Boundary Oil Products, Limited, he states that an anticline runs from Suffield through Bow Island to the Sweet Grass Hills—Lethbridge Herald.

Another Homestead Map.

The 12th edition of a publication which should prove of interest to every person following the progress of settlement throughout the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta is now being issued from the Railway Lands Branch of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa. This recent publication which is known as a "Homestead Map" shows in a graphic way the land situation up to the beginning of the present year, also the standing of each quarter-section throughout the three Western Provinces, according to the records of the Department on the 1st of January 1914. The map has been issued in three separate sheets, the Manitoba and Saskatchewan having been published some time ago and the Alberta now being available for distribution.

Shows Lands Disposed of and Those Available for Homestead Entry.

Nothing conveys quite so forcibly to the eye the rapid manner in which land available for entry is being taken up, as this map of many colours, illustrating as it does by a comparatively simple system of colouring the standing of each quarter-section at the beginning of the present year.

Complete in Other Respects.

In addition to the information regarding lands which have been homesteaded or otherwise disposed of the publication contains complete information with respect to Indian Reserves, Timber Berths, Grazing Leases, Post Offices, Railways, etc., throughout the three Provinces.

Free Distribution.

This latest edition of the Homestead Map is being distributed free of charge and a copy covering any one, or the three Wertern Provinces may be obtained upon application to F.C. C. Lynch, Superintendent of Railway Lands, Department of the Interior Ottawa.

Bow Island School District

continued from front page.

some of the board that a male teacher was necessary for the Senior department.

It was decided to offer Miss McLaren the primary school.

Further matter in regard to teachers was laid on the table until second session of this meeting.

The meeting then adjourned until June 16th.